

Program Scheme

Master of Computer Applications Degree Program

Program Code: OMC

Centre for Distance and Online Education

University's Vision, Mission, and Core Values

- Vision: We visualize Graphic Era (Deemed to be University) as an internationally recognized, equitydriven, ethically engaged, diverse community whose members work collaboratively for positive transformation in the world, through leadership in teaching, research, and social action.
- **Mission:** The mission of the university is to promote learning in true spirit and offer knowledge and skills in order to succeed as professionals. The university aims to distinguish itself as a diverse, socially responsible learning community with high-quality scholarship and academic rigor

Core Values:

- Continuous learning and improvement
- Simplicity
- Integrity and trust
- Ethics

Program Scheme: Master of Computer Applications

- 1. Title of the Degree: Master of Computer Applications (MCA)
- 2. Mode of Study: Fully Online
- 3. Program Curriculum will be Effective from: Academic Year 2023-2024
- 4. Rationale for the Program:

Computers, computer networks, and mobile communication have ushered in the digital revolution in the recent past. The fast-growing information and communication technology (ICT) is critical to strategic planning in most business houses, government organizations, and educational institutes all over the world. Organizations that strive to leverage the latest ICT tools require expert professionals who can apply the principles of computer science and information technology to address the issues effectively. To meet the shortage of qualified professionals in the IT industry, Graphic Era Deemed to be University has designed this Master of Computer Applications (MCA) degree program. The broad objective of this postgraduate program is to prepare graduates for productive careers in the software industry and academia. To accomplish these objectives, the university provides an outstanding environment for teaching and research in the core and emerging areas of this discipline.

The program lays immense emphasis on giving the students a thorough and sound background in theoretical and application-oriented courses relevant to the latest ICT paradigm. The program also focuses on the application of software technology to solve mathematical, computing, communications, networking, and commercial problems.

Professionals with an MCA degree are sought after in numerous corporate sectors, such as IT, Medical Sciences, and Engineering. These sectors need personnel having advanced knowledge of the application of computers to solve real-life problems. Several technology conglomerates in India have job openings for such candidates. With the right amount of experience and skillset, MCA candidates can find several challenging and rewarding career opportunities.

5. Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

The educational objectives of the MCA program are to:

- **PEO 1.** Empower students with employability towards building successful careers based on a sound understanding of theoretical and applied aspects and methodology to solve multidisciplinary real-life problems.
- **PEO 2.** Develop professional graduates ready to work with a sense of responsibility and ethics.
- **PEO 3.** Instil competency to pursue higher studies and research in areas of computer applications and other professionally related fields.
- **PEO 4.** Inculcate the ability to adapt to changing technology through continuous learning.

Carial		The Complete PO Statement
Serial	Graduate Attribute Theme	After the successful completion of the MCA program, the
Number		graduates will be able to:
PO-1.	Knowledge Application	Apply the knowledge of mathematics, management, and
		computer applications to the solution of complex real-
		world problems.
PO-2.	Problem Analysis	Identify, formulate, review, and analyze complex
		problems reaching substantiated conclusions using
		principles of mathematics, management sciences, and
		computer applications.
PO-3.	Design/Development of	Design solutions for complex real-world problems and
	Solutions	design system components or processes that meet the
		specified needs with appropriate consideration for health
		and safety, and cultural, societal, and environmental
		considerations.
PO-4.	Investigations of Complex	Use research-based knowledge and research methods
	Computing Problems	including design of experiments, analysis and
		interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to
		provide valid conclusions.
PO-5.	Modern Tool Usage	Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques,
		resources, and modern computer software and II tools
		including prediction and modeling to complex software
		limitations
PO 6	Environment and	Initiations.
PO-0.	Sustainability	angineering solutions in societal and environmental
	Sustainability	contexts and demonstrate the knowledge of and need
		for sustainable development
PO-7.	Fthics	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional
		ethics and responsibilities and norms of the
		development practice.
PO-8.	Individual and Teamwork	Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or
		leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

6. Programme Outcomes (POs)

PO-9.	Communication	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO-10.	Project Management and Finance	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the software engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO-11.	Life-Long Learning	Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.
PO-12.	Innovation and Entrepreneurship	Identify a timely opportunity and use innovation to pursue that opportunity to create value and wealth for the betterment of the individual and society at large.

7. Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

At the end of the MCA program, the graduate will be able to:

- **PSO 1.** Apply fundamental principles and methods of Computer Science to a wide range of applications.
- **PSO 2.** Design, implement, and document solutions to significant computational problems.
- **PSO 3.** Demonstrate an understanding of the basics of computer applications.
- **PSO 4.** Engage in continued professional development in a career in computer applications.

8. Program Structure:

Seme	ester 1								
SI. No.	Course Type*	Course Code		Course Title					
Α	Audit	OMC100A	Fun	damentals of Computers		0			
В	Bridge	20MC100B	Intro	oduction to Operating Systems		0			
С	Bridge	OMC100C	Mat	hematical Foundation of Computer Sci	ience	0			
1	DSC	OMC101	Full	Stack Development		3			
2	DSC	OMC102	Con	nputer Networks		3			
3	DSC	OMC103	Pro	gramming and Problem-Solving		3			
4	DSC	OMC104	Adv	anced Operating Systems		3			
		Discipline-Spe	ecific	fic Elective - 1					
		OMC105A	Adv	Advanced Computer Organization					
5	DSE	OMC105B	Gre	Green Computing					
		OMC105C	Disc	rete Structures and Combinatorics					
		OMC105D	Clou	ud Computing					
6	SEC	OMC106	Care	eer Skills		1			
7	VAC	OMC107	Gen	eral Proficiency/NCC/Seminar/Researc	ch/Yoga*	1			
8	DSC	OMC108	Full	Stack Development Laboratory		2			
9	DSC	OMC109	Ope	Operating Systems and Computer Networks Laboratory					
10	DSC	OMC110	Programming and Problem-Solving Laboratory 2						
Total Credits Over the Semester									
*DSC: Discipline-Specific Core Course DSE: Discipline-Specific Elective Course GE: General Elective Co SEC: Skill-Enhancement Course VAC: Value Addition Course						e Course			

Sem	ester 2						
SI. No.	Course Type*	Course Code	Course Title	Credits			
Α	Bridge	OMC200A	Introduction to Database Management Systems	0			
В	Bridge	OMC200B	Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming	0			
1	DSC	OMC201	Advanced Database Management Systems	3			
2	DSC	OMC202	Advanced Java Programming	3			
3	DSC	OMC203	Advanced Data Structures	3			
		Discipline-Spe	ecific Elective - 2				
		OMC204A	Data Mining and Warehousing				
4	DSE	OMC204B	Python Programming	3			
		OMC204C	Software Project Management				
		OMC204D	Probability and Statistics				
		General Elect	ive - 1				
5	GE	OMC205A	Research Methodology	2			
		OMC205B	Entrepreneurship				
6	SEC	OMC206	Career Skills	2			
7	SEC	OMC207	Mini Project/Research Publication	1			
8	DSC	OMC208	Advanced Database Management Systems Laboratory	2			
9	DSC	OMC209	Advanced Java Programming Laboratory				
10 DSC OMC210 Advanced Data Structures Laboratory 2							
			Total Credits Over the Semester	23			

Sem	ester 3						
SI.	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Credits			
Λ	Audit	OMC300A	Competitive Programming	0			
	Dridge			0			
В	Bridge	OIVIC300B	Introduction to Software Engineering	0			
1	DSC	OMC301	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3			
2	DSC	OMC302	Mobile Application Development	3			
3	DSC	OMC303	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning	3			
		Discipline-Spe	ecific Elective - 3				
		OMC304A	Software Testing and Quality Assurance				
4	DSE	OMC304B	Human-Computer Interaction	3			
		OMC304C	Theory of Computation and Compiler Construction				
		OMC304D	Operations Research				
5	SEC	OMC305	Career Skills	2			
6	SEC	OMC306	Mini Project/Research Seminar	2			
7	DSC	OMC307	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Laboratory	2			
8	DSC	OMC308	Mobile Application Development Laboratory	2			
9	DSC OMC309 Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Laboratory						
			Total Credits Over the Semester	22			

Seme	ester 4							
SI. No.	Course Type*	Course Code	Course Title	Credits				
1	DSC	OMC401	Data Science using R	3				
		Discipline-Spe	cific Elective - 4					
		OMC402A	Cryptography					
2	DSE	OMC402B	Cybersecurity/Information Security	3				
		OMC402C	University-Approved MOOC or Certification					
		OMC402D	Computer-Aided Simulation and Modelling					
	Discipline-Specific Elective - 5							
		OMC403A	C# and .NET					
3	DSE	OMC403B	Advanced Graphics and Visual Computing	3				
		OMC403C	Soft Computing					
		OMC403D	Internet of Things					
		General Electiv	ve - 2					
4	GE	OMC404A	Personal Finance	3				
		OMC404B	Digital Marketing					
5	SEC	OMC405	Internship/Dissertation/Capstone Project					
6	DSC	OMC406	Data Science Laboratory	2				
Total Credits Over the Semester 2								
			Total Credits Over the Program	90				

9. Programme Articulation Matrix (Course-PO-PSO Map)

Sem.	Course Title	0-1	0-2	0-3	0-4	0-5	0-6	0-7	0-8	6-0	0-10	0-11	0-12	0-1	0-2	60-3	0-4
		Ā	P	P	Ā	P	P	P	Ъ	P	РС	РС	РС	PS	PS	PS	PS
1	Fundamentals of Computers																
1	Introduction to Operating Systems																
4	Mathematical Foundation of																
1	Computer Science																
1	Full Stack Development																
1	Computer Networks																
1	Programming and Problem-Solving																
1	Advanced Operating Systems																
1	Advanced Computer Organization																
1	Green Computing																
1	Discrete Structures and																
-	Combinatorics																
1	Cloud Computing																
1	Career Skills																
1	General Proficiency/ NCC/																
_	Seminar/Research/Yoga*																
1	Full Stack Development Laboratory																
1	Operating Systems and Computer																
	Programming and Problem-Solving																
1	Laboratory																
2	Introduction to Database																
	Management Systems																
2	Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming																
	Advanced Database Management																
2	Systems																
2	Advanced Java Programming																
2	Advanced Data Structures																
2	Data Mining and Warehousing																
2	Python Programming																
2	Software Project Management																
2	Probability and Statistics																
2	Research Methodology																
2	Entrepreneurship																
2	Career Skills																
2	Mini Project/Research Publication																
2	Advanced Database Management Systems Laboratory																
	Advanced Java Programming																
2	Laboratory																
2	Advanced Data Structures Laboratory																

Sem.	Course Title	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
3	Competitive Programming																
3	Introduction to Software Engineering																
3	Design and Analysis of Algorithms																
3	Mobile Application Development																
3	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning																
3	Software Testing and Quality Assurance																
3	Human-Computer Interaction																
3	Theory of Computation and Compiler Construction																
3	Operations Research																
3	Career Skills																
3	Mini Project/Research Seminar																
3	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Laboratory																
3	Mobile Application Development Laboratory																
3	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Laboratory																
4	Data Science using R																
4	Cryptography																
4	Cybersecurity/Information Security																
4	University-Approved MOOC or Certification*																
4	Computer-Aided Simulation and Modelling																
4	C# and .NET																
4	Advanced Graphics and Visual Computing																
4	Soft Computing																
4	Internet of Things																
4	Personal Finance																
4	Digital Marketing																
4	Internship/Dissertation/ Capstone Project																
4 * CO-	Data Science Laboratory PO-PSO mapping depends on the cour	se/cer	rtifica	tion cl	nosen	by th	e stu	dent.									

10. Programme Regulations: The regulations guiding this programme are available in the Program Guide.

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	1
Course Title	Full Stack Development
Course Code	OMC101
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core

MCA 1st Semester – Full Stack Development

1. Course Summary

The aim of this course is to gain the skills and knowledge necessary to build simple web applications as well as full-stack web applications using modern and scalable web technologies and increase employability as a full-stack developer. The students are taught the basics of HTML, CSS, JavaScript, PHP, and the basic components of Full Stack development using MERN stack widely used in the industry for developing web pages. Students will learn the use of XHTML and CSS for developing presentable web pages. They will also be able to create dynamic web pages by applying event-handling mechanisms using JavaScript. Students will understand the concepts of cookies and sessions in PHP for creating large web applications. Students will learn the MERN stack that consists of four technologies – MongoDB: a database used to store data in JSON documents, Express.js: a framework for Node.js that provides features for developing web applications, ReactJS – a JavaScript library for building user interfaces and Node.js: an open-source cross-platform JavaScript runtime environment that executes JavaScript code outside of a web browser. Students are trained to create interactive web pages using ReactJS, Node.js, MongoDB, and PHP.

Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Describe the usage of XHTML tags, and CSS for developing presentable web pages.[L-1]
- **CO-2.** Develop dynamic web pages by applying event-handling mechanisms using JavaScript.[L-5]
- CO-3. Develop web pages using cookies, sessions, and databases in PHP.[L-5]
- **CO-4.** Describe the concepts of MERN stack used in Full Stack Development and the features and components of ReactJS[L-1]

Sr		Unit Outcomes
No	Units	After the successful completion of the unit,
110		the learner should be able to:
	Unit 1: Basics of XHTML	
	• Standard Structure of XHTML document	Demonstrate the use of various XHTML
	Difference between HTML and XHTML Desig Text Merkup Elements	tags for creating web pages.
	• Dasic Text Markup Elements – \circ paragraph $\langle p \rangle$ heading tags H1 H6	
	\circ break italic hold superscript subscript	
	emphasis <hr/>	
	Character entities	
	Hyperlinks	
	• Images	
	• Lists . . <dl></dl>	
1	• tables	
L	• division <div> and span </div>	
	• Form Elements	
	○ Label	
	• Text boxes - password, button, submit,	
	reset	
	• Placeholder	
	o Textarea	
	• Radio button	
	• Checkboxes	
	 Drondown <select></select> 	
	Unit 2 – CSS	Demonstrate the use of cascading style
	Introduction to CSS	sheets for creating attractive web pages.
	• CSS Properties – text, font, list, color	
	• Selectors	
	 Simple/Element Selector 	
	• Id Selector	
	• Class Selector	
2	• Generic Selector	
2	o Pseudo class Selector	
	 Types and Levels of Style 	
	• Inline	
	• Internal	
	• External	
	CSS Box Model	
	Background images	
	• Examples using HTML and CSS	
	Unit 3: Introduction to JavaScript, Event	
	Handling, DOM, and Dynamic Documents	
	with JavaScript	Explain the basic concepts of Java Script,
	Introduction to IonaConint	demonstrate and implement pattern
	miroducion to JavaScript -	web pages
3	LoveSprint Suntay	Explain and demonstrate the use of DOM
	 JavaScript Symax Variables and Data Types 	for creating interactive and dynamic event-
	variables and Data Types Screen Output and Kauboard Input	handling web pages using JavaScript.
	- Scieen Output and Keyboard input	

	o alert()	
	o confirm()	
	o prompt()	
	o document.write()	
	Controls and Loops	
	• String Methods	
	• Arrays	
	• Functions	
	Pattern Matching	
	Event Handling DOM and Dynamic	
	Documents with JavaScript -	
	• Document Object Model (DOM)	
	• DOM tree structure of HTML	
	• Accessing elements in JavaScript	
	• Event and Event Handling	
	• Handling events from body elements	
	• Handling events from button elements	
	• Handling events from text boxes	
	• Validations on Forms simple example	
	Changing colors and fonts	
	Unit 4: PHP Basics and Advance Features	
		Explain the basics concepts of PHP
	PHP Basics –	Explain and demonstrate the usage of
	• Introduction and basic syntax of PHP,	various built-in functions of string and
	• Control Statements with examples	arrays in PHP
	Output Statements	Discuss the use of cookies and sessions in
	String Functions	rnr
	• Arrays	
4	• Functions	
	PHP Advance Features -	
	• Form Handling	
	• Cookies and Sessions Management	
	• Creating cookies and session variables in	
	PHP programs	
	• Creating a simple database and database	
	operations	
	Unit 5: Introduction to MERN	
	Introduction to MERN -	Explain the basics of full-stack web
	Overview of Full Stack Web Development	development.
	• Overview of MERN	Discuss the MERN stack and its
	• Overview of MERN Components	Components.
	• ReactJS	using ReactIS an open-source JavaScript
5	o Node.js	library
č	• Express	Create and execute a simple ReactIS
	 MongoDB 	application.
	Tools and Libraries	* *
	• React library	
	Introduction to ReactJS -	
	• React features, benefits, and applications	

• Advantages and disadvantages of ReactJS	
• ReactJS Vs other Front-End Technologies	
 ReactJS development environment setup 	
 Creating and executing a new ReactJS project 	
• Folder Structure of ReactJS applications	

]	Progra	mme	Outcor	nes (P	Os)					P	Programme Speci Outcomes (PSOs					
	PO-	1 PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4			
CO-1	3	2	3		3			2		1	2		3	3					
CO-2	3	2	3		3			2		1			3	3					
CO-3	3	3	3		3	2		2		1		2	3	3	3	2			
CO-4	3	3	3		3	2		2	2	1		2	3	3	3	3			
			3: \	Very St	rong C	Contrib	ution, 2	2: Stro	ng Co	ntributi	on, 1: N	Moderat	te Cont	ribution					

4. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Robert W. Sebesta, "Programming the world wide web", 6th edition, Pearson education.
- 2. Vasan Subramanian, "Pro MERN Stack, Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React and Node", 2nd Edition, Apress.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Kogent Learning Solutions Inc., "HTML 5: Covers CSS3, JavaScript, XML, XHTML, AJAX, PHP & jQuery: Black Book", Dreamtech Press.
- 2. Eddy Wilson, 2018, "MERN Quick start guide: Build Web applications with MongoDB, Express.js, React and Node", Packt publishing.

c. Magazines and Journals

- 1. IEEE Transaction on Computers
- 2. International Journal of Computer Science

d. Websites

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/

e. Other Resources

- 1. https://ocw.mit.edu/index.htm
- 2. Course Video Lectures on ILearn, BrightSpace

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OMC102 – Computer Networks

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	1
Course Title	Computer Networks
Course Code	OMC102

Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Course

1. Course Summary

This course deals with the concept and technologies used in modern computer networking and data communication. A computer network interconnects two or more computing devices. Since implementing computer networking software is a highly complex task, it has been implemented in different layers. Every layer has a well-defined service to perform. This course facilitates the students to understand the function of different layers and IEEE standards employed in computer networking. The students are taught the methods to enhance network performance such as routing and congestion control. Fundamental concepts of computer networks, different network models, and topologies are covered.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Explain the principles, mechanisms, and functionalities of network applications, transport layer protocols, network layer design, and link layer services in computer networks.(L2)
- **CO-2.** Illustrate the principles and architectures of network applications, including protocols such as HTTP, FTP, SMTP, POP3, IMAP, and DNS.(L2)
- **CO-3.** Demonstrate use of different computer network components, including hardware, media, and topologies.(L3)
- **CO-4.** Compare error-detection and correction techniques, multiple access protocols, and Ethernet technologies in the context of link layer services and local area networks.(L4)
- **CO-5.** Evaluate routing algorithms (such as link-state and distance vector) in terms of their efficiency, scalability, and adaptability to various network environments. (L5)

Sr.	Units
No	
1	Introduction: Data Communication Basics, History of Computer Networking and the Internet. Internet, Protocol, Services. Computer Network: Hardware, Media and topology. Protocol layering : The OSI Reference Model and the TCP/IP protocol stack. Internet Access Networks. Circuit and Packet Switching, Delays: Processing, Queuing, Transmission and Propagation delays.
2	 Application Layer: Principles and Architectures of Network Applications. Application Layer Protocols- The Web and http: Persistent and Non-persistent connections, http message format, cookies, proxy server, conditional GET, File Transfer Protocol. Email: SMTP, mail message formats, mail access protocols: POP3, IMAP, MIME. DNS: Services, how it works, Root, Top-Level and Authoritative DNS servers, Resource Records, DNS messages. A simple Introduction to p2p files distribution: Bit Torrent

3	Transport Layer : Introduction and Services, Transport layer in internet, Difference between Connection Oriented and Connectionless services. UDP: Segment structure, checksum in UDP. TCP : the principles behind connection-oriented data transfer, stop-and-wait, Go Back N, Selective Repeat. Connection Establishment, TCP header, Round Trip Time, designing a reliable data transfer protocol.
4	Network Layer: Network Layer Design Issues, Packet Forwarding and Routing, Difference between Virtual Circuits and Datagram networks, The Internet Protocol (IP), Datagram format, IP fragmentation, IPv4 addressing, subnets, CIDR, classful addressing, DHCP, Network Address Translation (NAT). IPv6 Header, Moving from IPv4 to IPv6: tunneling, dual stack and header translation. Routing Algorithms : Link state (LS), Distance Vector (DV). Routing in the Internet: RIP, OSPF & BGP.
5	 Link Layer and Local Area Network: Introduction and Services: Service provided by the LL, Implemented. Error-Detection and Correction Techniques: Parity checks, Check-summing methods, Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC). Multiple Access protocols: Channel partitioning, Random access. Ethernet: Frame structure, CSMA/CD, Ethernet technologies. Signals- analog and digital signals, periodic and a periodic signal, Digital Data Conversion: unipolar, polar, bipolar. Analog data conversion: - PAM, PCM, sampling. Modulation techniques: - ASK, FSK, PSK, AM, FM, PM.

	Pro	ogram	me Ou	itcom	es (PO	s)							Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)				
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-1(PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4	
CO-1	3										2		3		1	1	
CO-2	3										2		3		2	1	
CO-3	3	2									2		3		2	1	
CO-4	3	3		2							2		3	2	2	2	
CO-5	3	3	2	2	2						2		3	2	2	3	
		3:	: Very	Strong	g Cont	ributio	n, 2: S	trong	Contri	bution	, 1: M	oderat	e Conti	ibutio	n		

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Course Self-Learning Material
- 2. James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, 2017, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, 2014, Computer Networks, 5th Edition, Pearson
- 2. Computer Networks: A Top-Down Approach by Behrouz A. Forouzan and Firouz Mosharraf.New York, NY: McGraw-Hill, 2012.

c. Websites

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/

MCA 1st Semester – Programming and Problem-Solving

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	1
Course Title	Programming and Problem-Solving
Course Code	OMC103
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Theory

1. Course Summary

The aim of this course is to familiarize the students with the fundamental concepts of computational thinking, problem-solving strategies, and programming in C language. This course provides knowledge of writing C programs using arrays and strings, structures and unions, simple user-defined functions as well as recursive functions, and implementing file operations such as opening, closing, reading, and writing to files. The students are taught how to choose an appropriate C construct to solve a given problem statement.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Describe the fundamental concepts of computational thinking and problem-solving strategies. [L-1]
- **CO-2.** Demonstrate the use of arrays, strings, structures, and unions in the 'C' programming language. [L-3]
- CO-3. Demonstrate the use of re-useable code using functions in 'C'. [L-3]
- CO-4. Describe and implement file handling mechanism in 'C' programs. [L-3]

Sr. No	Units
	Unit 1 – Computational Thinking, Problem Solving, and Programming Concepts
1	 Computational Thinking - What is computational thinking? Computational thinking approaches Information and Data – Converting Information to Data Data Types and Encoding Problem-Solving and Programming Concepts – Problem-Solving techniques

	Algorithms
	• Flowcharts
	Pseudocode
	 Classification and Characteristics of programming language
	 Programming paradigms
	 Procedure-oriented programming
	 Object-oriented programming languages
	• Object-oriented programming languages
	Unit 2: Introduction to C Programming, Variables and constants, Operators
	and Expressions, input/Output functions in C
	Introduction to 'C' Programming -
	Characteristics of 'C'
	• Structure of C Program
	• The life cycle of the C Program
	• First C Program
	Commands to run a C Program
	 Comments Style in 'C'
	 Programming errors -
	 Syntax error and semantic errors
	 Logical and runtime errors
	Variables and Constants -
	C Character Set
	Identifiers and keywords
	Variables and constants
	• Escape sequence
•	Data Types
2	
	Operators and Expressions in C -
	Assignment Operators, Arithmetic Operators
	Relational Operators, Logical Operators
	Increment and Decrement Operators
	Conditional Operators
	Typecast Operators, Sizeof Operator
	Associativity and precedence of operators
	Evaluation of Expressions
	Input/Output (I/O) Functions -
	• Types of I/O Functions
	Unformatted I/O Functions
	getchar(), putchar()
	o gets(), puts()
	o getch(), putch()
	Formatted I/O functions
	• Format specifiers
	\circ scanf()
	- mintf()

 \circ printf()

Unit 3: Conditional and Control Statements, Functions

Conditional and Control Statements -

3	Conditional Branching Statements
	\circ If statement. If then else statement
	• Nested if
	• Switch Statement
	• Loops
	o For loop
	• While loop
	• Do While loop
	• Jump Statement
	o break
	o continue
	o goto
	o return
	Functions -
	• Library functions
	Function declaration and definition
	Function prototype and coll
	• Function prototype and call
	Return Statement
	• Function with and without arguments
	• Function with and without return value
	• Function call by value and call by reference
	Advantages of functions
	• Function call stack and activation records
	Recursive functions
	Desuming Ve Iterations
	• Recursive vs herations
	• Examples of recursive functions
	• Static and Dynamic Linking
	Unit 4: Pointers, Arrays, and Strings
	Pointers -
	Pointers and their characteristics
	Pointers and their characteristics
	 Dereferencing pointer veriebles
	• Deterementing pointer variables
	• Pointer arithmetic
	• Pointers and functions
	• Dynamic memory allocation – malloc(), calloc() realloc(), free() functions
	Memory leak and segmentation fault
	• Debugging and Testing
4	Arrays -
	• Single-dimensional array
	• Array declaration
	\circ Accessing elements of an array
	• Initialization
	• Arrow operations (insert delate sort and secret)
	• Array operations (insert, delete, sort, and search)
	• I wo-dimensional arrays
	• Declaration of a 2D array
	• Initialization
	 Operations on Matrices (addition, product, transpose)

Strings -

	Declaration and initialization of strings													
	Input and Output of strings													
	Formatting strings													
	String handling functions													
	Unit 5: Structures and Unions, File Handling													
	Structures and Unions –													
	 Structures - Need of structures, Declaring and defining a structure 													
	 Need of structures, Declaring and defining a structure Initialization of structure variables 													
	Initialization of structure variables													
	Accessing structure members, assignment of structure variables													
	• Size of a structure													
	Array of structures, Structure with arrays													
	Nested structure													
	Structures and functions													
	Structures and Pointers													
	Self-referential structure													
	Unions -													
	Declaring and defining a union													
	Initialization and access of union variables													
	• Size of a union													
	Nested unions													
	Difference between Structure and Union													
	File Handling -													
	• Types of files													
	• File modes, Opening, closing, and end of a file													
_	• Character I/O functions - fputc(), fgetc()													
5	• Integer I/O functions - putw(), getw()													
	• String I/O functions - fputs(), fgets()													
	• Formatted I/O functions - fprintf(), fscanf()													
	Block Read/Write functions - fwrite(), fread()													
	• Random access to a file - fseek(), ftell(), rewind()													

• Error handling in files

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

				I	Progra	mme (Outcor	nes (P	Os)					P	rogram Outcon	me Spe nes (PSC	cific Ds)
		PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-	1	3	2	3		3			2		1	2		3	3		
CO-	2	3	2	3		3			2		1			3	3		
CO-	3	3	3	3		3	2		2		1		2	3	3	3	2
CO-	4	3	3	3		3	2		2	2	1		2	3	3	3	3
				3: \	/ery St	rong C	Contrib	ution, 2	2: Stro	ng Co	ntributi	on, 1: N	Moderat	e Cont	ribution		

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. David D. Riley and Kenny A. Hunt, (2014), "Computational thinking for the Modern Problem Solver", Chapman & Hall/CRC.
- 2. Yashavant Kanetkar, (2016), "Let Us C",14th Edition, BPB Publication.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. E. Balagurusamy, (2015), "Programming in ANSI C",6th Edition, McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Brian W Kernighan & Dennis M Ritchie, (1988), "The C Programming Language", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Steve Oualline,(2011), "Practical C Programming", 3rd Edition, Orielly Publishers.

c. Magazines and Journals

- 1. IEEE Transaction on Computers
- 2. International Journal of Computer Science

d. Websites

- 1. https://www.learn-c.org
- 2. https://www.programiz.com/c-programming

e. Other Resources

- 3. https://ocw.mit.edu/index.htm
- 4. Course Video Lectures on ILearn, BrightSpace

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OMC104- Advanced Operating Systems

Program	Master of Computer Applications					
Semester 1						
Course Title	Advanced Operating Systems					
Course Code	OMC 104					
Course Credits	3					
Course Type	Core Theory Course					

1. Course Summary

This course is designed to build on the foundational knowledge acquired in the previous course by exploring advanced topics in the subject. Students will delve into resource management, including file and storage management, as well as the concepts and mechanisms related to data protection and security features of an operating system. The course covers various types of operating systems, including those developed for real-time, parallel, distributed, and cloud computing environments. A case study of two popular operating systems, Windows and Linux, is also included in the course to help students analyze their design, architecture, and functionality

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- CO-1. List the functions and purposes of modern operating systems. [L-1]
- CO-2. Describe the file and storage management concepts. [L-2]
- **CO-3.** Differentiate between the protection and security features of an operating system and its implementation mechanisms. [L-4]
- CO-4. To interpret the concept of virtualization and describe its advantages, and need. [L-5]
- **CO-5.** To analyze and compare the design, features, and functionality of Linux, and Windows operating systems through a case study. [L-5]

Sr.	Units								
No.									
1	Unit 1: 10 Hrs								
	File and Storage Management								
	Overview of OS Objectives and Functions								
	• Files and File systems								
	• File organization and Access								
	File Directory and Sharing								
	 File Directory and Sharing Secondary storage management 								
	Secondary storage management								
	Protection and Security								
	Goals of Protection								
	Principles of Protection								
	Domain of Protection								
	Access Control								
2	Unit 2:								
2	Real-Time Operating System (RTOS) (10 hrs)								
	Background								
	Characteristics of Real Time Operating Systems								
	Types of PTOS								
	Types of KTOS DTOS kernel and function								
	• KIOS kerner and function								
	• Lask Management								
	• Real-Time Scheduling								
	• Application Example								
2									
3	Unit 3: (10 hrs)								
	Distributed Systems								
	Advantages of Distributed Systems								
	Distributed Operating Systems								
	 Types of Distributed Operating Systems 								
	 Robustness and Design Issues of Distributed OS 								
	Parallel Systems								
	 Definition, Parallel vs Distributed Systems, Example 								
	Types of Parallel Systems: Overview								
Δ	Unit 4· (10 hrs)								
-	Virtualization								
	Definition Advantages and Needs								
	Deminion, Auvantages, and Neeus								
	• Types								

5	Unit 5 Case Stu	(10 hrs) adies A comparative analysis of Linux and Windows 7 operating systems based on,
	•	Architecture
	•	Process Management
	•	Memory Management
	•	Security features
	•	Security features
		Security readures

	Pro	Program Outcomes (POs)											Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)				
	PO- 1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO- 11	PO- 12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4	
CO-1	3	2								1	1	1	2	2	2	2	
CO-2	3	2	1							1	1	1	2	2	2	2	
CO-3	3	2	2							1	1	1	2	2	2	2	
CO-4	3	3	3							1	1	1	2	2	2	2	
CO-5	3	3	3							2	1	1	2	2	2	2	
	3: Very Strong Contribution, 2: Strong Contribution, 1: Moderate Contribution																

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B Galvin, Greg Gagne, "Operating System Concepts", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd 2018, 9th Edition
- 2. William Stallings, "Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles", Pearson, 2018, 9th Edition

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Distributed Operating Systems", Pearson 2002, 1st Edition.
- c. Websites
 - 1. https://www.coursera.org/
 - 2. http://nptel.ac.in/

OMC105A – Advanced Computer Organization

Program Master of Computer Applications									
Semester	1								
Course Title	Advanced Computer Organization								
Course Code	OMC105A								

Course Credits	3
Course Type	Elective Course

1. Course Summary

This course covers fundamental concepts and advanced topics in computer organization. It includes computer fundamentals, computer systems, the central processing unit (CPU), the processor, parallel organization, general-purpose graphic processing units (GPUs), and control unit operation. Students learn about computer evolution, performance issues, memory systems, I/O modules, instruction sets, and processor structure. They explore parallel processing, multicore computers, and GPU architecture. By the end of the course, students will have a comprehensive understanding of computer organization and be prepared to analyze and optimize computer systems.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Describe the organization and architecture of computer systems, including their components and interconnection structures.(L2)
- **CO-2.** Use Ahmdahl's Law and Little's Law to analyze and predict performance issues in computer systems.(L3)
- **CO-3.** Compare different measures of computer performance and calculate relevant performance metrics to assess system efficiency.(L4)
- **CO-4.** Analyze the organization and structure of processors, including register organization, instruction cycle, and the concept of instruction pipelining.(L4)
- **CO-5.** Evaluate the design issues related to instruction-level parallelism and superscalar processors. (L5)

Sr. No	Units							
1	Introduction to the computer system:							
-	Basic Concepts and Computer Evolution : Organization and Architecture. Structure							
	and Function, A Brief History of Computers, The Evolution of the Intel x86							
	Architecture, Embedded Systems							
	Performance Issues : Two Laws that Provide Insight: Ahmdahl's Law and Little's							
	Law, Basic Measures of Computer Performance, Calculating the Mean, Benchmarks							
	and Spec.							
	Top-Level View of Computer Function and Interconnection: Computer							
	Components, Computer Function, Interconnection Structures, Bus Interconnection,							
	Point-to-Point Interconnect							
	Memory: Computer Memory System Overview, Cache Memory Principles, Elements							
	of Cache Design, Semiconductor Main Memory, DDR DRAM							
	Input/Output: External Devices, I/O Modules, Programmed I/O, Interrupt-Driven							
	I/O, Direct Memory Access							

2	The Central Processing Unit Instruction Sets: Characteristics and Functions:Machine Instruction Characteristics, Types of Operands, Types of Operations Instruction Sets: Addressing Modes and Formats: Addressing Modes, Instruction Formats, Assembly Language
3	The Processor Processor Structure and Function:Processor Organization, Register Organization, Instruction Cycle, Instruction Pipelining Instruction-Level Parallelism and Superscalar Processors:Overview, Design Issues, Intel Core Microarchitecture
4	Parallel Organization Parallel Processing: Multiple Processor Organizations, Symmetric Multiprocessors, Cache Coherence and the MESI Protocol, Multithreading and Chip Multiprocessors Multicore Computers: Hardware Performance Issues, Software Performance Issues, Multicore Organization, Heterogeneous Multicore Organization.
5	General-Purpose Graphic Processing UnitsCuda Basics, GPU versus CPU, GPU Architecture OverviewControl Unit OperationMicro-Operations , Control of the Processor , Hardwired Implementation,Microprogrammed control.

	Р	Programme Outcomes (POs)										Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)					
	PO	-1]	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-1(PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3											2		3		1	1
CO-2	2 3											2		3		2	1
CO-3	3 3											2		3		2	1
CO-4	4 3		3									2		3	2	2	2
CO-5	5 3		3	2	2							2		3	2	2	2
	3: Very Strong Contribution, 2: Strong Contribution, 1: Moderate Contribution																

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Course Self-Learning Material
- 2. William Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture Designing for Performance, 10th Ed, Pearson Education, 2016.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach 5th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2017.
- 2. Patterson, J.L. Hennessy, Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface, Morgan Kaufmann, 5th edition, 2013

c. Websites

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/

OMC105B – Green Computing

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	1
Course Title	Green Computing
Course Code	OMC105B
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Course

1. Course Summary

The Green Computing course is designed to introduce students to the principles, practices, and technologies involved in sustainable computing. The course focuses on the environmental impact of information and communication technologies (ICT) and explores methods to reduce energy consumption, promote resource efficiency, and minimize electronic waste. Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of the concepts and strategies behind green computing and its relevance in today's digital world.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Understand the concept of Green Computing and its significance in promoting environmental sustainability within the IT industry. [L-2].
- **CO-2.** Apply energy efficiency techniques to computing systems, including power management [L-3].
- **CO-3.** Evaluate the potential of renewable energy sources and their application in computing infrastructure[L-5].
- **CO-4.** analyze resource management strategies and waste reduction practices in computing environments[L-4].
- **CO-5.** Demonstrate knowledge of virtualization, cloud computing, and data centers in achieving green IT objectives. [L-5].
- **CO-6.** Apply sustainable software development practices, including energy-aware programming and software optimization. [L-4].

Sr.	Units	Unit Outcomes
No		After the successful completion of the unit, the
		learner should be able to:
1	Unit 1: Introduction to Green Computing	1. Understand the concept of Green
	• Definition, goals, and benefits of Green	Computing and its importance in
	Computing	addressing environmental challenges in
	• Environmental challenges in computing	the IT industry.
	• Importance of sustainability in the IT	2. Identify the goals and benefits of Green
	industry	Computing practices.
	• Power management techniques	3. Analyze the environmental impact of
	1	conventional computing practices and the
		need for sustainable alternatives.

2	 Unit 2: Resource Management, Waste Reduction and Renewable Energy Virtualization and server consolidation Efficient cooling and data center design E-waste management and recycling Green procurement and disposal practices Solar, wind, and other renewable energy sources Renewable energy applications in data centers Energy harvesting techniques Green energy certifications and standards 	 Implement virtualization and server consolidation techniques to optimize resource utilization. Develop strategies for e-waste management and implement recycling practices in computing environments. Assess the potential of renewable energy sources and their integration into computing infrastructure.
3	 Unit 3: Cloud Computing and Green Data Centers Virtualization and cloud computing technologies Green data center design and operation Energy-efficient storage and networking Green cloud service providers and sustainability considerations. 	 Analyze the role of virtualization and cloud computing in achieving green IT objectives. Design and implement energy-efficient storage and networking solutions in cloud environments. Evaluate and select green cloud service providers based on sustainability considerations.
4	 Unit 4: Sustainable Software Development Green software engineering practices Energy-aware programming techniques Software optimization and performance tuning Green metrics and environmental impact assessment 	 Apply green software engineering practices to develop energy-efficient software solutions. Optimize software performance and resource utilization for reduced energy consumption. Assess the environmental impact of software development decisions and propose sustainable alternatives.
5	 Unit 5: Environmental Considerations in IT Infrastructure Life cycle assessment and eco-design Green IT policy and governance Sustainable IT procurement and supply chain management Green data management and storage solutions 	 Conduct life cycle assessments and implement eco-design principles in IT infrastructure planning. Develop and implement green IT policies and governance frameworks. Evaluate and implement sustainable IT procurement and supply chain management practices.

	Pro	ogrami	me Ou	tcome		Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)										
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-1(PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1				1	2	2	3					2	1		3	
CO-2		2	2				3	2				2		3		2
CO-3				2		2	2					2		3	2	
CO-4				3	2		3					1	1		3	
CO-5		2	2			3	2	3				3		2		2
CO-6				3	2		1	1				2			3	2
		3: Very Strong Contribution, 2: Strong Contribution, 1: Moderate Contribution														

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Bud E. Smith, 2014, Green Computing: Tools and Techniques for Saving Energy, Money, and Resources Press, Taylor & Francis Group.
- 2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, and Robert Elsenpeter, 2008, Green IT: Reduce Your Information System's Environmental Impact While Adding to the Bottom Line. Velte Publishing.
- 3. Corey Gough, Ian Steiner, and Winston Saunders, 2015, Energy Efficient Servers: Blueprints for Data Center Optimization, Apress open Publishing.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Supriya Kumar De and Satchidananda Dehuri, Green Computing: Advanced Topics and Case Studies.
- 2. Pierre Bonnet, Jean-Michel Detavermier, Dominique Vauquier, 2009, Sustainable IT Architecture: The Progressive Way of Overhauling Information Systems with SOA. Wiley Publications.
- 3. Hideharu Amano, Tadahiro Kuroda, and Tomoya Fujii, 2013, Green Computing with Emerging Memory: Low-Power Computation for Social Innovation, Springer Publications.

c. Magazines and Journals

- a. International Journal of Green Computing(IGI Global Publications).
- b. Journal of Smart Environments and Green Computing.

d. Websites

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/</u>

e. Other Electronic Resources

1. Course Video Lectures on Brightspace

OMC105C - Discrete Structures and Combinatorics

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	1
Course Title	Discrete Structures and Combinatorics
Course Code	OMC105C
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Theory Course

1. Course Summary

The goal of this course is to lay a strong foundation for the discrete structures and combinatorics among learners. This course has been started by explaining the basics of set theory, relations and functions for a better understanding of the learners. The learners are taught the importance of preposition logic and mathematical induction. The learners are also taught how to compare and analyze mathematical problems in the context of group theory. In the subsequent lessons, various types of graph theory related concepts have been discussed and explained to the learners. In this course, the concepts of combinatorics have been discussed in depth including Fundamental Principles, Factorial Notations, Permutations, Combinations, Binomial Theorem, and Multimonial coefficients. In this course, various concepts related to counting principles, such as Pigeonhole Principle and Inclusion-Exclusion Principle have been explained to the learners. This course also emphasizes Discrete Numeric Functions including Recurrence relations and Generating Functions.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

CO-1. Define basic mathematical objects such as sets, functions, relations and other mathematical structures [L-1]

CO-2. Express mathematical properties formally via the formal language of propositional logic [L-2]

CO-3. Perform various techniques of mathematical induction (weak, strong and structural induction) on variety of discrete structures [L-3]

CO-4. Categorize and analyze problems based on group theory and graph theory [L-4]

CO-5. Determine and select appropriate counting techniques to solve combinatorial problems [L-5]

Unit 1: Sets, Relations, and Functions
Sets
Introduction
• Countable and Uncountable Set
• Sets and Subsets
Basic Operations on Sets
Algebraic properties of set operations
Relations:
• Introduction
Cartesian Product
• Relations and their types
Properties of Relations
Equivalence Relations
Partial order relations
• Hasse's diagram
Functions:
Introduction
Composition of functions
• Inverse of functions
Recursively defined functions

	• Functions for Computer Science
	> Floor and ceiling Function
	> Ackermann's Function
	> Mod Function
2	Unit 2. Duon aritignal Lagis and Mathematical Industion
2	Unit 2: Propositional Logic and Mathematical Induction
	Propositional Logic
	• Introduction
	Basic logical operations
	• Tautologies
	• Contradictions
	• Algebra of proposition
	Logical implication
	• Logical equivalence and Validity
	Mathematical Induction
	• Introduction of Mathematical Induction
	• Normal forms
	• Rules of Inference
	Predicates and Quantifiers
3	Unit 3: Group Theory:
5	• Introduction
	• Semi group
	• Monoid
	• Group
	• Abelian group
	• Subgroup and their properties
	• Cyclic group
	• Cosets
	• Lagrange's theorem
	• Permutation groups
	More About Groups:
	• Introduction
	• Homomorphism
	• Isomorphism
	• Automorphism of groups

4	Unit 4: Graph Theory								
	• Definition of graphs								
	• Applications of graph								
	• Types of graphs								
	• Subgraph								
	• Isomorphic graph								
	• Eulerian graph								
	• Hamiltonian graph								
	Operations on Graphs:								
	• Operations on graphs								
	• Representation of graphs								
	• Planar graphs								
	• Coloring of graphs								
5	Unit 5: Combinatorics and Discrete Numeric Functions								
	Combinatorics:								
	• Introduction								
	• Fundamental Principles								
	Factorial Notations								
	• Permutations								
	• Combinations								
	Binomial Theorem								
	Multimonial coefficients								
	Some More Counting Principles:								
	Pigeonhole Principle								
	Inclusion-Exclusion Principle								
	• Applications of Inclusion – Exclusion								
	Application to Surjective Functions								
	> Application to Derangements								
	Discrete Numeric Functions:								
	• Introduction								
	• Discrete Numeric Functions								
	Recurrence relations								
	Generating Functions								

		Programme Outcomes (POs)													Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-1(PO- 11	PO- 12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4		
CO-1	3	3	3	3							2	2		3	1			
CO-2	3	3	3	3							2	2	3	3	1	1		
CO-3	3	3	3	3							2	1		2	1	1		
CO-4	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	3	3	3	2		
CO-5	3	3	3	3	2						3	2	2	2		1		
		3: Very Strong Contribution, 2: Strong Contribution, 1: Moderate Contribution																

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- Course Self-Learning Material
 Sengadir, T., 2009, Discrete Math And Combinatorics, Pearson Education.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Lipschutz, S. and Lipson, M., 2009, Discrete Mathematics, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Tremblay, J. P. and Manohar, R., 1997, Discrete Mathematical Structure with Application to Computer Science, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Alan, D. and Kenneth, L., 2000, Applied Discrete Structures for Computer Science, Galgotia Pub. Pvt. Ltd.

c. Magazines and Journals

- 1. SIAM Journal on Discrete Mathematics
- 2. IEEE Transaction on Information Theory
- 3. Journal of Combinatorial Theory Series A, Academic Press
- 4. Graphs and Combinatorics, Springer

d. Websites

- 1. https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/951
- 2. https://www.coursera.org/specializations/discrete-mathematics
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106108227/
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106155

e. Other Electronic Resources

- 1. https://ocw.mit.edu/index.htm
- 2. Course Video Lectures on ILearn

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Program Master of Computer Applications Semester 1 Course Title Cloud Computing Course Code OMC105D Course 3

OMC105D – Cloud Computing

1. Course Summary

Core Course

Course Type

The course provides a comprehensive overview of cloud computing, covering key topics such as an introduction to the cloud, compute services, storage services, database services, and network services. Students gain a solid understanding of the fundamental concepts and principles of cloud computing, including its significance in modern technology. They explore different types of compute services, such as virtual machines and containers, and learn about configuring and managing compute nodes. The course also delves into various storage options available in the cloud, including file storage, block storage, and storage for backups, while discussing their advantages and considerations. Students gain insights into cloud-based database services, including relational databases, key-value databases, and time series databases in the cloud. Lastly, they explore network services in the cloud, focusing on building and scaling cloud networks, securing network traffic, and the role of content delivery networks.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Classify various cloud computing services and models[L-2].
- CO-2. Use different compute services in cloud with a case study[L-3].
- **CO-3.** Analyze the benefits and challenges of using cloud-based data storage in comparison to traditional on-premises storage. [L-4].
- **CO-4.** Evaluate the trade-offs between different database features and characteristics, such as consistency, durability, and query capabilities. [L-5].
- **CO-5.** Illustrate various security mechanisms and services available for securing network traffic, such as virtual private clouds (VPCs), network security groups (NSGs), and web application firewalls (WAFs). [L-4].
- **CO-6.** Explain the concept and benefits of a content delivery network (CDN) in distributing and delivering content to users. [L-2].

Sr.	Units	Unit Outcomes
No		After the successful completion of the unit, the
		learner should be able to:
1	 Unit 1: Fundamentals of Cloud Computing Introduction Cloud Types Deployment Models Service Models Virtualization 	 Discuss the evolution of cloud computing and its impact on various industries. Analyze real-world examples of organizations using different cloud types and their use cases. Describe the components and layers of
	Cloud architecture	cloud architecture (e.g., infrastructure,
	• Case Study: Amazon Web Services.	platform, software).
	Microsoft Azure.	
2	 Unit 2: Compute Services of Cloud Computing Compute Node Architecture Types of Compute nodes: Virtual Machines & Containers Configuration of Compute node. Case study: Amazon EC2, Virtual Box, Docker. 	 Explain the components and functionalities of a compute node, such as processors, memory, storage, and networking. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using VMs and containers for deploying applications. Describe the process of configuring a compute node for deployment.
3	 Unit 3: Storage Services in Cloud Computing Introduction to Cloud based Data Storage Advantages and disadvantages of Cloud based data Storage Types of cloud storage: File storage, Block storage-Elastic Block Storage. Storage for backups Case Study: Amazon S3, EBS, EFS, Glacier 	 Analyze the benefits and challenges of using cloud-based data storage in comparison to traditional on-premises storage. Identify the advantages of cloud-based data storage, such as scalability, cost- effectiveness, and accessibility. Describe block storage and its use in cloud environments, specifically focusing on Elastic Block Storage (EBS) offered by cloud providers.
4	 Unit 4: Database Servies in Cloud Computing Need for Cloud Databases Consideration for databases 	 Explain the reasons and benefits of using cloud databases in modern data management. Discuss the factors to consider when selecting a suitable database solution for specific use cases, including workload requirements, data

	 Database architecture Data Models Relational Databases key-value based databases Time series databases Case study: Amazon RDS, DynamoDB 	 volume, and data access patterns. 6. Explain the components and layers of a typical database architecture, including the storage layer, query processing layer, and access interfaces.
5	 Unit 5: Networking and Security Services Building Cloud network Scaling Cloud Network Securing Network Traffic Content Delivery Network Case study: Amazon VPC, Route S3 	 Discuss the best practices for configuring networking services, such as load balancers, virtual private networks (VPNs), and firewalls, in a cloud environment. Explain the concepts of horizontal and vertical scaling in the context of cloud networks. Identify the security risks and threats associated with network traffic in a cloud environment. Discuss the architecture and components of a CDN, including edge servers, caching mechanisms.

	Pro	ogrami	me Ou	tcome		Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)										
	PO-	1 PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-1(PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3	2	1									2	3		2	
CO-2	2	3	3	2	3							3	2	3		2
CO-3	1	2	3	2	3							3	2		3	
CO-4		2	2	3	3							2	2	3		
CO-5		2	3	3	3							3		2		3
CO-6		3	2	3	2							2			2	3
		3: Very Strong Contribution, 2: Strong Contribution, 1: Moderate Contribution														

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Furht, Borivoje, and Armando Escalante, 2010, Handbook of cloud computing. Vol. 3. New York: springer.
- 2. Kavis, Michael J., 2014, Architecting the cloud: design decisions for cloud computing service models (SaaS, PaaS, and IaaS). John Wiley Sons.
- 3. Vacca, John R., ed. 2016, Cloud computing security: foundations and challenges. CRC Press.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Wittig, Michael, Andreas Wittig, and Ben Whaley, 2018, Amazon web services in action. Manning.
- 2. Kailash Jayaswal, Jagannath Kallakurchi, Donald J. Houde, Deven Shah,2014, Cloud Computing Black Book, Dreamtech press

c. Magazines and Journals

- a. IEEE Transaction on Cloud Computing.
- b. Journal of Cloud Computing.

d. Websites

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/</u>

e. Other Electronic Resources

1. Course Video Lectures on Brightspace

MCA 1st Semester – Full Stack Development Laboratory

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	1
Course Title	Full Stack Development Laboratory
Course Code	OMC 108
Course Credits	2
Course Type	Laboratory

1. Course Summary

The aim of this course is to gain the skills and knowledge necessary to build simple web applications as well as full-stack web applications using modern and scalable web technologies and increase employability as a full-stack developer. The students are taught the basics of HTML, CSS, JavaScript, PHP, and the basic components of Full Stack development using MERN stack widely used in the industry for developing web pages. Students will learn the use of XHTML and CSS for developing presentable web pages. They will also be able to create dynamic web pages by applying event-handling mechanisms using JavaScript. Students will understand the concepts of cookies and sessions in PHP for creating large web applications. Students will learn to develop simple ReactJS applications.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Demonstrate the usage of XHTML tags, and CSS for developing presentable web pages.[L-3]
- **CO-2.** Develop dynamic web pages by applying event-handling mechanisms using JavaScript.[L-5]
- CO-3. Demonstrate the use of COOKIES and SESSION in PHP. [L-3]

CO-4. Develop simple ReactJS applications.[L-5]

3. Course Contents - Laboratory Programs List

- Create an XHTML page that provides information about the MCA department, at Graphic Era University. The XHTML page must use the following tags:
 - Anchor tag
 - Images
 - Links
 - Tables

(if needed use other tags for better presentation)

- 2. Create an XHTML page that demonstrates the usage of lists and tables.
- Create an XHTML page that displays a Form with all types of controls (Text Boxes, Radio buttons, Checkboxes, Dropdown, Submit and Reset buttons) on it with proper formatting.
- 4. Develop a web page and demonstrate the usage of inline style, internal style, and external style sheets using CSS.
- 5. Write a JavaScript function called "MaxandMinofArray" that accepts an array of integers as a parameter and displays the largest and smallest number in the array. Test the function with different inputs. Embed the JavaScript function within the XHTML document.
- 6. Write a JavaScript function called "SumofDigits" that accepts a number as a parameter and returns the sum of all digits of that number. Test the function with different inputs. Write the JavaScript function in a separate .js file.
- Create an XHTML document with two buttons. Write a JavaScript function that triggers an alert message when the button is clicked. It should display the message "First button is clicked" or "Second button is clicked" depending on the button being clicked.
- 8. Create an XHMTL page with 3 paragraphs displayed using different colors. Implement a JavaScript function that changes the font color of a paragraph to blue when a user hovers over it and reverts it back to the original color when the mouse leaves.
- 9. Create an XHTML document with a form that collects the mobile number. On submitting the form validate the input using an event handler. The mobile number should be a 10-digit number. On validating display, a success or failure message using "alert()".
- 10. Write a PHP program using COOKIE to store the current date and time and on reopening the same web page display the "Last visited date and time".
- 11. Write a PHP program to demonstrate the use of SESSIONS to increment a count on each page refresh, and display the same on the web page.
- 12. Create a React Application to display the message "Developing using ReactJS, Graphic Era University".

			F	rogra	mme (Outcon	nes (P	Os)					Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3	2	3		3			2		1	2		3	3		
CO-2	3	2	3		3			2		1			3	3		
CO-3	3	3	3		3	2		2		1		2	3	3	3	2
CO-4	3	3	3		3	2		2	2	1		2	3	3	3	3
	3: Very Strong Contribution, 2: Strong Contribution, 1: Moderate Contribution															

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Robert W. Sebesta, "Programming the world wide web", 6th edition, Pearson education.
- 2. Vasan Subramanian, "Pro MERN Stack, Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React and Node", 2nd Edition, Apress.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Kogent Learning Solutions Inc., "HTML 5: Covers CSS3, JavaScript, XML, XHTML, AJAX, PHP & jQuery: Black Book", Dreamtech Press.
- 2. Eddy Wilson, 2018, "MERN Quick start guide: Build Web applications with MongoDB, Express.js, React and Node", Packt publishing.

c. Websites

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/

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OMC109 – Operating system & Computer Networks Laboratory

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	1
Course Title	Operating system & Computer Networks Laboratory
Course Code	OMC109
Course Credits	2
Course Type	Core Course

1. Course Summary

The Operating System and Computer Network Lab course offers practical experience in computer networks and operating systems. Students learn network commands, configure network

devices, implement point-to-point networks, and analyze network performance. They also simulate CPU scheduling algorithms, memory management techniques, disk scheduling algorithms. This hands-on approach enhances their understanding of network protocols, resource allocation, and system performance. By completing the term works, students gain valuable skills in network configuration, command-line tools, and practical implementation of operating system algorithms..

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Explain the use of network commands in command prompt to diagnose and troubleshoot network connectivity issues. L2)
- **CO-2.** Configure and demonstrate the use of hub, switch, and router in a simple network topology.(L3)
- **CO-3.** Analyze the impact of queue size and bandwidth on network performance by implementing a point-to-point network with varying parameters and observing packet drops.(L4)
- **CO-4.** Simulate CPU scheduling algorithms such as FCFS and SJF and analyze their performance using different process arrival times and burst times .(L4)
- **CO-5.** Implement an Ethernet LAN with multiple traffic nodes, and evaluate congestion window behavior for different source/destination pairs. (L5)

Sr. No	Units
	Computer Networks
1	Demonstrate network commands in command promt.(like ping,traceroute)
2	Demonstrate use of hub, switch, router using simple topology.
3	Implement three nodes point $-$ to $-$ point network with duplex links between them. Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth and find the number of packets dropped.
4	Implement an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.
5	Demonstrate static routing.
6	Demonstrate dynamic routing protocols.
	Operating systems
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7	Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms-FCFS,SJF
8	Simulate the following Memory management algorithm-First fit, Best fit
9	Implement the optimal page replacement algorithm
10	Implement the FCFS Disk scheduling and SSTF Disk scheduling
11	Implement the producer consumer problem with solution using semaphore
12	Implement a program in C to extract process ID (PID) and parent process ID (PPID).

Note: The computer networks termworks can be implemented using a suitable simulator like CISCO packet tracer, GNS3 etc. The operating system termworks can be implemented using a suitable programming language like C,C++ etc.

7. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-1 O-1 SO Map	4.	Course	Articulation	Matrix	(CO-PO-PSC	Map)
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	Рі	ogran	nme O	utcom	es (PC)s)							Prog Outc	ramm omes (e Speci (PSOs)	fic
	PO	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-1(PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3										2		2	2	2	2
CO-2	2 3										2		2	2	2	2
CO-3	3 3	2									2		2	2	2	2
CO-4	3	2		2							2		2	2	2	2
CO-5	5 3	2	2	2	2						2		2	2	2	2
			3: Ver	y Stroi	ng Cor	ntributi	on, 2:	Strong	g Conti	ributio	on, 1: M	loderat	e Conti	ribution	n	

5. Course Resources

- a. Essential Reading
 - 1. Course Self-Learning Material
- b. Recommended Reading
 - 1. James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, 2017, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall.
 - 2. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B Galvin, Greg Gagne, "Operating System Concepts", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd 2018, 9th Edition
- c. Websites

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/

MCA 1st Semester – Programming and Problem-Solving Laboratory

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	1
Course Title	Programming and Problem-Solving Laboratory
Course Code	OMC 110
Course Credits	2
Course Type	Laboratory

1. Course Summary

The aim of this course is to gain the skills, hands-on experience, and practical knowledge necessary to write programs using 'C language. The Students will learn to develop algorithms, draw flowcharts and write a 'C' program to solve a given problem. They will learn to use the online GDB 'C' Debugger/Compiler for programming, debugging, and executing the programs. The students are taught the basics of 'C' Programming which also provides a base for learning any other computer-related languages. Students will learn the use of conditional statements and loops, explore the concepts of arrays, and understand the concepts of modular programming and reusable code using functions. Students learn about memory management and dynamic data structures through the use of pointers. They will also be able to create user-defined data types called structures. Additionally, they will understand file-handling mechanisms for storing and retrieving data. Students will learn the techniques of debugging and testing 'C' programs.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Develop an algorithm, draw a flowchart, and write a 'C' program to solve a given problem. [L-3]
- **CO-2.** Make use of online GDB 'C' Debugger/Compiler for programming, debugging, and executing the programs.
- CO-3. Demonstrate the use of expressions, decision structures, loops, functions, library functions, recursive functions, arrays, strings, structures, pointers, and files in problem-solving.[L-3]
- **CO-4.** Document the conclusion and observations made from the implementation.[L-4]

3. Course Contents - 'C' Programming Laboratory Program List

- 1. Write a 'C' program to evaluate an expression $ax^2 + bx + c$.
- 2. Write a 'C' program to find the sum of the first n even natural numbers by using the formula
 n(n+1)
- 3. Write a 'C' program to find whether the given year is a Leap year.
- 4. Write a 'C' program to accept input and print whether the given input is a character, digit, or special symbol using a switch-case.
- 5. Write a 'C' program to accept the month number and print the month name using switch-case
- 6. Write a 'C' program to find the maximum and minimum numbers of an array of integers.
- 7. Write a 'C' program to find the transpose of a given matrix.
- 8. Write a 'C' program that finds the sum of diagonal elements of a given square matrix.
- 9. Write a 'C' program to read an integer and find the sum of digits. Use a function for finding the sum of digits.
- 10. Write a 'C' program to find convert a decimal number to a binary number. Use recursive function.
- 11. Write a C program to perform the following operations on a string.
 - a) Count the number of characters and digits.
 - b) Check whether the given string is palindrome or not.
- 12. Write a 'C' program to swap two numbers. [Demonstrate the difference between call by value and call by reference for swapping the two numbers]
- 13. Write a 'C' program to store and retrieve the personal information about students Enrolment Number, Name, Address, City, and State. Demonstrate using files.
- 14. Write a 'C' program to find
 - a) The frequency of characters that are in a sentence stored in a text file.
 - b) Count the number of words in a file.

The file name is to be supplied as a command-line argument.

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

			P	rogra	mme (Outcon	nes (P	POs)					Pr C	ogramm)utcome	e Speci s (PSO:	ific s)
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3	2	3		3			2		1	2		3	3		1
CO-2	3	2	3		3			2		1			3	3		1
CO-3	3	3	3		3	2		2		1	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO-4	3	3	3		3	2		2	2	1	2	2	3	3	3	3
		3:	Very	Stro	ng Con	tributio	n, 2:	Strong	Contrib	oution,	1: Mod	erate C	ontribu	tion		

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

1. David D. Riley and Kenny A. Hunt, (2014), "Computational thinking for the Modern Problem Solver", Chapman & Hall/CRC.

2. Yashavant Kanetkar, (2016), "Let Us C",14th Edition, BPB Publication.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. E. Balagurusamy, (2015), "Programming in ANSI C",6th Edition, McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Brian W Kernighan & Dennis M Ritchie, (1988), "The C Programming Language", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Steve Oualline,(2011), "Practical C Programming", 3rd Edition, Orielly Publishers.

c. Websites

- 5. https://www.coursera.org/
- 6. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/</u>

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OMC 106 Career Skills-I

Learning Outcomes:

LO 1 Apply logic to the different types of arrangement-based questions and arrive at solutions to deterministic and nondeterministic question sets.

LO 2 Apply the concept of blood relations and learn to draw a family tree using the different notations.

LO 3 Solve the different types of questions based on orientation of direction and understanding of distances and turns.

LO 4 Learn to construct a Venn diagram using multiple statements and arrive at conclusions or possibilities based on logic.

LO 5 Comprehend different types of data sets used in Data Interpretation and use quick calculation techniques for solving different types of questions.

UNIT 1:

3 Hours

Introduction to reasoning, basic concepts, and practice of deterministic and nondeterministic arrangement-based questions (linear, vertical, circular and rectangular).

Concepts and understanding of deterministic and nondeterministic tabular or gridbased questions including understanding of variables and their entries in the solution table. Practice of tabular or grid-based question sets.

UNIT 2:

3 Hours

Blood relation concepts include basic introduction, making a family tree, standard notations and names for gender and relations. Discussion of different types of questions asked in blood relations, their solutions and practice.

Concepts and practice of grouping/team formation or condition-based questions including the understanding and application of different conditions used in grouping sets.

UNIT 3:

Basic concept and understanding of directions including the orientation of the 4 basic directions of east, west, north, and south. Understanding turns of different degrees towards right, left, clockwise and anticlockwise.

Basic concept of coding-decoding using alphabets, digits, words and their combinations. Understanding and practice of different questions in coding decoding.

Basic concept of series completion using numbers, alphabets, and their combinations thereof. Understanding of different types of series (based on differences, based on products, based on exponentials).

3 Hours

UNIT 4:

Introduction to Data Interpretation (DI), understanding different methods of data representation including tabular, bar graph, pie chart, line graph and caselet. Techniques of quick arithmetic calculations, concepts of percentage as applicable in DI, growth and growth rate and practice of various DI sets.

UNIT 5:

3 Hours

Understanding the concepts of Syllogism using Venn diagram, types of problems in syllogism (2 statements, 3 statements and 6 statement problems).

Reference books and study material:

1. Lalit Singh and P.A.Anand, Verbal Ability and Reasoning for Competitive Exams, Wiley, First Edition, January 2016.

2. R.S.Aggarwal, A Modern approach to Verbal and Non-Verbal Reasoning for Competitive Exams, S Chand Publication, January 2018

3. Shakuntala Devi, Puzzles to Puzzle you, Orient Paperbacks, June 1976.

4. George Summers, The great book of Puzzles and Teasers, Jaico Publishing, September 1989.

5. P.A.Anand, reasoning book, Savera publication.

6. Any other reading as suggested by the faculty.

3 Hours

MCA II Semester Syllabus

OMC 201- Advanced Database Management Systems

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Advanced Database Management Systems
Course Code	OMC 201
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Theory Course

1. Course Summary

The goal of this course is to lay a strong foundation for advanced database management systems among learners. This course started by explaining the core concepts of database management systems for a better understanding of the learners. The learners are taught the Enhanced Entity Relationship concepts and tools including Subclasses, Super class, and Inheritance, Specialization and Generalization. The learners are also taught the basics of functional dependencies and normalization. Enhanced Entity relationship diagrams are demonstrated with the help of case studies. In the subsequent lessons, Query Processing, Optimization & Database Tuning including Heuristics for Query Optimizations, Measures of Query Cost, Evaluation of Expression, Transformation of Relational Expressions, Estimating Statistics of Expression have been discussed and explained to the learners. In this course, the concept of SQL has been discussed in depth. Basic as well as advanced SQL queries are explained with the help of suitable examples and case studies. In this course, various concepts related to Transaction Processing and Management, such as Multiple Granularity, Multiversion Schemes, Deadlock Handling, Weak Levels of Consistency, Concurrency in Index Structures and Recovery techniques have been explained to the learners. This course also emphasizes types of database systems including parallel and distributed databases and related concepts.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Define and Express real world problems using Enhanced Entity Relationship tools and concepts of Normalization [L-1]
- **CO-2.** Select the appropriate database for implementing the applications. [L-2]
- **CO-3.** Assess the processing of different levels of operations and queries [L-3]
- **CO-4.** Analyze the importance of concurrency control, recovery techniques and security in Transaction Management[L-4]
- **CO-5.** Design solutions for real world problems in the context of database and Implement these solutions using SQL. [L-6]

Sr.	Units
NO	
1	Unit 1: Introduction
	• Database System Concepts and Architecture: Three - Schema Architecture and Data
	Independence. Enhanced Entity Polationshin Model:
	Introduction to EP Model
	Enhanced EP tools Subclasses Super class and Inheritance
	• Specialization and Generalization
	Constraints and Characteristics of Specialization and Generalization
	• Converting EER diagram to tables
	Introduction to Relational Model
	Relational Algebra Operations
	Basic Queries
2	Unit 2: Query Processing, Optimization & Database Tuning:
	Heuristics for Query Optimizations
	• Measures of Query Cost, Evaluation of Expression, Transformation of Relational Expressions.
	• Physical Database Design In Relational Databases, Factors that Influence Physical Database
	Design.
	Physical Database Design Decisions, Database Tuning In Relational Systems.
	Functional dependency theory and normalization
	Functional Dependencies and normal forms based on functional dependencies
	Multi value dependency and 4NF
2	Join Dependency and SNF
3	Provide SQL Advanced concepts Provide SQL Advanced concepts
	Basic SQL Queries: DDL, DML, and DCL, Join Operations. Views & Queries in SQL. Specifying Constraints & Indexes in SQL
	Views & Queries in SQL, specifying constraints & indexes in SQL
	Association and views Association and views Association and views
	• Cursors Triggers and stored procedures
	Embedded SOL dynamic SOL
	Advanced Features of SQL
4	Unit 4: Transaction Management and Recovery
	Advanced feature of Transactions
	 Enhanced Lock Based and timestamp based Protocols
	Multiple Granularity
	Multi-version Schemes
	• Deadlock Handling
	Weak Levels of Consistency
	Recovery and Atomicity
	• Recovery with Concurrent Transaction
	• Buffer Management
	Advanced Recovery Techniques
	Database Security
	• Levels of database security
	Access control
	Multilevel security

5	Unit 5: Parallel and Distributed Databases
	Introduction to Parallel Databases
	 Architectures For Parallel Databases
	Parallel Query Evaluation
	Introduction to Distributed Databases
	 Centralised versus non centralized Databases
	 Homogeneous and Heterogeneous DDBMS and their comparison
	• Functions and Architecture
	Distributed database design
	Query processing in DDBMS
	 Distributed concurrency management
	Deadlock management

Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

				Р	rograr	nme C	outcom	nes (PC)s)				P	rogram Outcom	me Spe ies (PSC	cific)s)
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-1 1	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3	3	3	3	3					2	2	2		3	1	
CO-2	3	3	3	3	3					2	2	2	3	3	1	1
CO-3	3	3	3	3	3						2	1		2	1	1
CO-4	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	3	3	3	2
CO-5	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	2	2		1
			3: Ver	y Stro	ng Cor	ntributi	on, 2: \$	Strong	Contri	bution,	1: Mo	derate	Contrib	oution		

4. CourseResources

a. EssentialReading

1. Elmasri, R., & Navathe, S., (2007). *Fundamentals of Database Systems*, 2nd Ed., Boston, Pearson/Addison Wesley.

b. Recommended Reading

- Silber Schatz, A, Korth, H.F., and Sudarshan S., (2011). Database System Concepts, 1st Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke (2003), *Database Management Systems*, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill.
- 3. C. J. Date, A. Kannan, S. Swamynatham. (1999), *A Introduction to Database Systems*, 8th Edition, Pearson education.

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. ACM Transactions on Database Systems
- 2. IEEE Database Management and Design
- 3. XRDS: Crossroads, The ACM Magazine for Students
- 4. https://dl.acm.org/doi/book/10.5555/77343

OMC202 – Advanced Java Programming

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Advanced Java Programming
Course Code	OMC202
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Theory Course

1. Course Summary

The aim of this course is to gain the skills and knowledge necessary to build simple applications using Advanced Java Programming. The students are taught the concepts of classes and objects, string handling, exception handling, inheritance, packages and interfaces, and their implementation in Java. Students are taught the use of I/O streams in Java. The students also learn the concepts of creating and using servlets and handling client requests and server responses. Students learn to use GET and POST methods for passing form data to Servlets. This course also emphasizes on the advantages of cookies and sessions. Students are trained to develop server-side code using Servlets and Java Server Pages. Students learn to apply the concepts of exception handling for developing efficient JAVA applications to handle run-time errors. They learn the basics of Java Beans and Java database connectivity(JDBC).

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Describe the concepts of object-oriented programming, method overloading, arrays, string handling, and reusable code by the use of inheritance, interfaces, polymorphism, threads, networking, and event handling in Java. [L-1]
- **CO-2.** Explain the concepts of Servlets and JSP in developing server-side code.[L-2]
- **CO-3.** Explain the concepts of Java Beans and Java Database connectivity.[L-2]
- **CO-4.** Apply the concepts of exception handling for developing efficient JAVA applications to handle run-time errors.[L-3]
- **CO-5.** Develop applications using GET and POST methods for passing data to Servlets.[L-6]

Sr. No	Units
	Unit–1: Java classes, Arrays, and String Handling
	Java Classes:
	Generic form of JAVA class –
	Simple JAVA class program Objects declaration and instantiation
	Objects – declaration, and instantiation Matheda – Adding methods to a class, returning a value, passing parameters to a
	 Methods - Adding methods to a class, returning a value, passing parameters to a method
	 Constructor – Default, Parameterized constructor, "this" keyword within
	constructor and methods
	 Overloading Methods and Constructors
	Static variables, methods
	Nested and Inner classes
	Command line arguments
1	Variable length arguments
T	Garbage Collection
	Arrays and String Handling:
	Arrays one and two dimensional
	Array Objects and Wrapper Classes
	String literals
	String concatenation
	• String comparison (few frequently used methods) - equals() and equalsIgnoreCase(),
	regionMatches(), startsWith() and endsWith(), compare I o()
	 String modifying methods - substring(), concat(), replace(), trim() StringDuffer methods - length() and canacity() setLength() shar4t() setLength()
	• StringBurler methods - length() and capacity(), settength(), thatAt(), settenat(), getChars() append() insert() and reverse() delete() and delete(barAt(), replace())
	and substring()
	StringBuilder
	Unit-2: Inheritance, Interfaces, and Packages
	Inheritance basics
	 Access Control – private public default and protected
	 Single and Multilevel inheritance IAVA program
	 Order of execution of constructors in multilevel
	Usage of super keyword
	 Method overriding
2	Polymorphism - Dynamic method dispatch
	Abstract class
	Final Keyword
	Interfaces and Packages:
	Defining an interface
	Implementing interface
	Multilevel Interface Inheritance
	Difference between Abstract class and Interface

	Overview of Packages
	Jar files, sub packages, static import
	Unit-3: Exception Handling, Overview of Threads, Java I/O Streams, Networking and
	Event handling
	Exception Handling and Threads
	 Exceptions and Handling Exception - Using try, catch, and finally, Catching Multiple
	Exceptions
	 Infowing Exceptions - throw and throws clause IAVA built in exceptions
	 JAVA built-III exceptions Creating own exception subclasses
	 Concept of try with resource
	 Overview of threads and synchronization
3	Overview of Java I/O Streams, Networking, and event handling
	 Byte streams Classes - Inputstream, Outputstream, FileInputStream,
	FileOutputStream,
	ByteArrayInputStream, ByteArrayOutputStream
	 BufferedByte Stream classes - BufferedInputStream, BufferedOutputStream
	 Character Streams – Reader, Writer, FileReader, FileWriter, BufferedReader,
	BufferedWriter
	Object Serialization
	Overview of Networking Concepts in Java
	Delegation Event Model in Java
	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses
	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets:
	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: • Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets
	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: • Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets • Servlet API
	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating
	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML
	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface
	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface
4	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses
4	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Handling Client Request Handling Client Request
4	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Handling Client Request Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods
4	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Handling Client Request Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods HTTP Request headers
4	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Handling Client Request Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods HTTP Request headers Generating Server Response HTTP Status code
4	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Handling Client Request Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods HTTP Request headers Generating Server Response HTTP Status code HTTP Response headers
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4	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Handling Client Request Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods HTTP Request headers Generating Server Response HTTP Status code HTTP Response headers Examples for handling Client Requests and Servlet Responses
4	 Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets Servlet API Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Handling Client Request Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods HTTP Request headers Generating Server Response HTTP Status code HTTP Response headers Examples for handling Client Requests and Servlet Responses Unit-5: Cookies and Sessions, Introduction to JSP, JavaBeans, and JDBC Cookies and Sessions:
4	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: • Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets • Servlet API • Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML • Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses • Handling Client Request • Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods • HTTP Request headers • Generating Server Response • HTTP Status code • HTTP Response headers • Examples for handling Client Requests and Servlet Responses Unit-5: Cookies and Sessions, Introduction to JSP, JavaBeans, and JDBC Cookies and Sessions: • Overview of Cookies
4	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: • Servlet API • Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML • Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses • Handling Client Request and Servlets Responses • Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods • HTTP Request headers • Generating Server Response • HTTP Status code • HTTP Response headers • Examples for handling Client Requests and Servlet Responses Unit-5: Cookies and Sessions, Introduction to JSP, JavaBeans, and JDBC Cookies and Sessions: • Overview of Cookies • Advantages and disadvantages of cookies
4	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: • Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets • Servlet API • Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML • Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses • Handling Client Request • Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods • HTTP Request headers • Generating Server Response • HTTP Status code • HTTP Response headers • Examples for handling Client Requests and Servlet Responses Unit-5: Cookies and Sessions, Introduction to JSP, JavaBeans, and JDBC Cookies and Sessions: • Overview of Cookies • Advantages and disadvantages of cookies • Cookie class and methods
4	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: • Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets • Servlet API • Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML • Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses • Handling Client Request • Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods • HTTP Request headers • Generating Server Response • HTTP Status code • HTTP Response headers • Examples for handling Client Requests and Servlet Responses • Unit-5: Cookies and Sessions, Introduction to JSP, JavaBeans, and JDBC Cookies and Sessions: • Overview of Cookies • Advantages and disadvantages of cookies • Cookie class and methods • Creating, reading, and deleting Cookies
4	Unit 4: Servlets and Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses Servlets: • Servlets basics, Advantages of Servlets • Servlet API • Basic Structure of a Servlet - Servlet generating plain text, Servlet generating HTML • Servlet Life Cycle, Single Thread Model Interface Handling Client Requests and Servlets Responses • Handling Client Request • Handling Form data with doGET and doPOST methods • HTTP Request headers • Generating Server Response • HTTP Status code • HTTP Response headers • Examples for handling Client Requests and Servlet Responses • Overview of Cookies • Advantages and disadvantages of cookies • Cookie class and methods • Creating, reading, and deleting Cookies • Servlet Response

l.	ntroduction to JSP, JavaBeans, and JDBC:
	 Overview of JSP - Need and benefits of JSP, Advantages of JSP over Servlets JSP Architecture Life Cycle of JSP Creating a Simple JSP script Overview of JavaBeans JavaBean Properties and example Overview of JDBC Determine Connectivity and Contemport Objects
	 Database Connectivity and Statement Objects Creating a simple JDBC application

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

						Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)										
	PO-	1 PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	. 3	2	3					2	1	1	2		3	3	2	2
CO-2	2 3	2	3		2			2	2	1	2	2	3	3	1	1
CO-3	3	3	3		2			2	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO-4	I 3	3	3		2			2	2	1	2		3	3	3	3
CO-5	3	3	3		2			2	1		2		2	2	1	1
			3: V	'ery St	rong C	ontrik	oution,	2: Stro	ng Co	ntribut	ion, 1:	Modera	ate Contr	ibution		

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Herbert Schildt, 2014, "The Java Complete Reference", 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Marty Hall, Larry Brown, 2014, "Core Servlets and Java Server Pages Vol 1: Core Technologies", 2nd Edition, Sun Microsystem.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Balagurusamy E, "Programming in JAVA", Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Java 6 Programming Black Book, Dreamtech Press, 2012

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/

OMC 203 - Advanced Data Structures

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Advanced Data Structures
Course Code	OMC 203
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Theory Course

UNIT 1

Introduction: Basic Terminology, Pointer and dynamic memory allocation.

Array Representation of stack, Linked Representation of Stack, Infix, Prefix and Postfix Expressions.

Queues: Array and linked representation and of queues, Circular queue, D-queue, and Priority Queue.

Linked list: Representation of Singly Linked Lists, Two-way Header List, circular linked list and Doubly linked list. **UNIT II**

Non linear data structures : General Trees, Operations, Trees traversals ,Binary Trees, Operations on binary trees, Conversion of a general tree to binary, Huffman's algorithm ,Applications of trees ,Graphs- BFS, DFS. Spanning tree: Minimum Spanning tree, kruskal's Algorithm, Prim's Algorithm, Floyd-Warshall algorithm and Dijkstra's Algorithm. **UNIT III**

Sorting: Growth of function, -'Big-Oh', Theta, Omega notation, Complexity of algorithm, Notation of algorithm complexity. Bubble sort, Insertion sort, Selection sort, Quick sort, Merge sort.

UNIT IV

Advance Searching techniques, Search trees traversals, threaded binary search trees, Inserting, and deleting nodes in a binary search tree, Height balanced (AVL) tree, concept and construction. Heap: min heap and max heap. Hashing Techniques, Hash function, common hash functions. Collision resolution techniques : Linear probing, Double hashing. Bucket addressing, rehashing.

UNIT IV

File Structures: Concept of record, File Operations: Create, update, and delete. File design considerations. File systems organization: Sequential, Relative, Indexed and Random-access Mode, Direct mapping techniques: Absolute, relative, and indexed sequential files (ISAM).

Indexed structures : Binary search trees as indexes. M-way search tree: insertion, deletion. B-Trees-searching, insertion, deletion, B⁺ tree.

References:

1."Introduction to data management and file design"-R.Kennith Walter,1986

2."An introduction to data structures with applications"-Trembley and Manohar.

3. "Data Structure . A Pseudocode Approach with C " -Richard F. Gilberg,

Bechrouz A. Forouzan (Thomson Learning)

4. "Data Structure using C" AM Tanenbaum, Y Langsam and MJ

Augenstein, Prentice- Hall, India, 1991.

5. "Data Structure and Program Design in C" . RL Kruse, BP Leung and CL

Tondo, Prentice Hall, 1991.

6. "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C" . Weiss, Mark Allen, Addison Wesley

OMC 204A – Data Mining & Warehousing

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Data Mining & Warehousing
Course Code	OMC204A
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Theory Course

1. Course Summary

The aim of this course is to introduce students with data mining techniques and gain hands-on experience in applying Data Mining techniques like classification, clustering, and association rules to extract valuable patterns from diverse datasets. They will also explore the significance of Data Warehousing in integrating and managing data efficiently and delve into OLAP and multi-dimensional data modeling for insightful data analysis. The course's broader perspective includes the exploration of advanced databases.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Recognize and identify the basic concepts and terminology of data mining and warehousing. [L-2].
- **CO-2.** Apply data preprocessing techniques, association analysis, classification algorithms, and clustering algorithms to address problems, such as market basket analysis, customer segmentation, and fraud detection data mining problems. [L-3].
- **CO-3.** Analyze and assess the accuracy and quality of data mining models by utilizing metrics such as precision, recall, and F1-score. [L-4].
- **CO-4.** Develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills for specific business problems and interpret the results of data mining analyses[L-5].
- **CO-5.** Describe the challenges and techniques associated with mining complex data types such as graphs, text, multimedia, and the World Wide Web. [L-2].

Sr. No	Units
1	Unit 1- Introduction to Data Mining & Data Warehouse: Data Mining:
	 Fundamentals of data mining
	Data Mining Functionalities
	 Classification of Data Mining systems
	Major issues in Data Mining
	Applications
	Data Warehouse
	Definition
	Challenges
	Data Warehousing Components

	Difference between Database System and Data Warehouse
	• Data Warehouse Models: Enterprise Warehouse, Data Mart, and Virtual Warehouse
1	Unit 2- Multi-dimensional data Model:
	• Data Cubes
	• Stars
	• Snowflakes
	• Fact Constellations
	• Concept hierarchy
	• 3 Tier Architecture
	 Data warehouse Measures their categorization and computation.
	Need of OLAP
	Operations in OLAP
	OLAP Server Architectures
3	Unit 3: Data Preprocessing
	 Need for preprocessing Descriptive data summarization.
	 Major Tasks in Data Preprocessing
	• Data Cleaning
	Data Integration
	Data Reduction
	 Data Transformation and Data Discretization
	 Data Mining Primitives: Task-relevant data, measures and identification of patterns, KDD
4	Unit 4: Data Mining Techniques (Association Rules & Clustering)
	• Frequent Itemsets
	Closed Itemsets
	 Association rules from transaction database & relational database
	 Apriori algorithm and correlation analysis
	 Requirements for Cluster Analysis
	• Data types in cluster analysis
	• Categories of clustering techniques: Partition method, Hierarchical method and Density
	based methods
5	Unit 5: Data Mining Techniques (Classification and predication)
	 Issues related to classification & prediction.
	Attribute Selection Measures
	Decision tree induction
	Bayesian classification
	 Classification methods K-nearest neighbor classifiers
	 Overview of Advanced Features of Data Mining
	 Mining complex data objects
	• Spatial databases
	Multimedia databases
	Mining Word Wide Web

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

		Programme Outcomes (POs)												Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
	PO	1 PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4	
CO-1	3	1	2										3				
CO-2		3	2	2	3									3	2		
CO-3	2	3	3	2							3			3		2	
CO-4	2	3	3	2	3						3				3	3	
CO-5		2		3			2				3						
		3: Very Strong Contribution, 2: Strong Contribution, 1: Moderate Contribution															

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith, 2007, "Data Warehousing, Data Mining & OLAP", Tata McGraw – Hill Edition.
- 2. Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, 2012, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Third Edition, Elsevier.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. M Sudeep Elayidom,2015, "Data Mining and Warehousing", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Mehmed Kantardzic, 2003. "Data Mining Concepts, Methods and Algorithms", John Wiley and Sons, USA.
- 3. Pang-Ning Tan and Michael Steinbach, 2006, "Introduction to Data Mining", Addison Wesley.

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/</u>

d. Other Electronic Resources

1. Course Video Lectures on Brightspace

OMC 204B – Python Programming

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Python Programming
Course Code	OMC 204B
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Core Theory Course

1. Course Summary

This course aims at providing a good foundation of Python language's control flow, syntax, semantics, data structures and libraries. Students also acquire a good hold on basic concepts like variables, different datatypes and loops. They will also be skilled to write programs using Python constructs like strings, lists, tuples and dictionaries. They will get introduced to object-oriented programming concepts. Finally, they will learn to write simple programs using regular expressions and thus solve real-world problems.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Identify the data structures, their syntax and semantics, available in Python [L-1].
- **CO-2.** Explain the concepts of conditional execution, functions and iterations [L-2].
- **CO-3.** Illustrate the basic concepts of object-oriented programming in Python [L-3].
- **CO-4.** Examine programs written in Python using strings, files, lists, directories and tuples [L-4].
- **CO-5.** Determine the importance of using regular expressions in the programs [L-5].

Sr.	Units
1	Linit 1:
т	Unit 1.
	The Way of the Programs Variables Expressions and Statements
	• What is a program?
	Running Python
	• The first program
	Arithmetic operators
	Values and types
	• Formal and natural languages
	• Values and types
	• Variables
	Variable names and keywords
	• Statements
	• Operators and operands
	• Expressions
	• Order of operations
	Modulus operator
	• String operations
	 Asking the user for input
	Conditional execution
	Boolean expressions
	Logical operators
	Conditional execution
	Alternative execution
	Chained conditionals
	Nested conditionals
	 Catching exceptions using try and except
	Short-circuit evaluation of logical expressions

2	Unit 2:
	Functions
	• Function calls
	• Built-in functions
	• Type conversion functions
	Math functions
	Random numbers
	 Adding new functions
	• Definitions and uses
	• Flow of execution
	 Parameters and arguments
	 Fruitful functions and void functions
	• Why functions?
	Iteration
	Updating variables
	• The while statement
	• Infinite loops
	• Finishing iterations with continue
	• Definite loops using for
	Loop patterns
3	Unit 3:
	Strings
	StringsA string is a sequence
	StringsA string is a sequenceGetting the length of a string using len
	 Strings A string is a sequence Getting the length of a string using len Traversal through a string with a loop
	 Strings A string is a sequence Getting the length of a string using len Traversal through a string with a loop String slices
	 Strings A string is a sequence Getting the length of a string using len Traversal through a string with a loop String slices Strings are immutable
	Strings • A string is a sequence • Getting the length of a string using len • Traversal through a string with a loop • String slices • Strings are immutable • Looping and counting
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operator
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operatorFiles
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operatorFiles• Persistence
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• String sare immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operatorFiles• Persistence• Opening files
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operatorFiles• Persistence• Opening files• Text files and lines
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• String sare immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operator• Files• Persistence• Opening files• Text files and lines• Reading files
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• String sare immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operatorFiles• Persistence• Opening files• Text files and lines• Reading files• Searching through a file
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operatorFiles• Opening files• Text files and lines• Reading files• Searching through a file• Letting the user choose the file name
	Strings• A string is a sequence• Getting the length of a string using len• Traversal through a string with a loop• String slices• String slices• Strings are immutable• Looping and counting• The in operator• String comparison• String methods• Parsing strings• Format operatorFiles• Persistence• Opening files• Text files and lines• Reading files• Searching through a file• Letting the user choose the file name• Using try, except, and open

Writing files

4	Unit 4:
	Lists
	• A list is a sequence
	• Lists are mutable
	• Traversing a list
	List operations
	• List slices
	• List methods
	Deleting elements
	Lists and functions
	 Lists and strings
	• Parsing lines
	 Objects and values
	• Aliasing
	• List arguments
	Dictionaries
	 Dictionary as a set of counters
	 Dictionaries and files
	 Looping and dictionaries
	Advanced text parsing
5	Unit 5:
	Tuples
	• Tuples are immutable
	Comparing tuples
	• Tuple assignment
	Dictionaries and tuples
	 Multiple assignment with dictionaries
	• The most common words
	 Using tuples as keys in dictionaries
	 Sequences: strings, lists, and tuples
	List comprehension
	Regular Expressions
	 Character matching in regular expressions
	 Extracting data using regular expressions
	 Combining searching and extracting
	• Escape character
	Classes and Objects
	Programmer-defined types
	• Attributes
	Rectangles
	Instances as return values

Objects are mutable

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

			F	Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)										
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3	2									2	1	3	
CO-2	3	3	3	3	1			1			2	3	3	
CO-3	3	3	2	3	1	1				1	1	1	3	1
CO-4	3	3	3	3	1	1	1				3	2	3	
CO-5	3	3	2	3	1		1				3	2	3	2
	3:\	/ery Str	ong Co	ontribut	ion, 2:	Strong	Contril	oution,	1: Mod	derate	Contribu	ution		

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- Severance, Charles. "Python for Everybody Exploring Data Using Python 3." (2016).
- 2. Allen B. Downey, 'Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Brown, Martin C. Python: The complete reference. McGraw-Hill Professional, 2001.
- Barry, Paul. Head first Python: A brain-friendly guide. "O'Reilly Media, Inc.", 2016.

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. <u>https://developers.google.com/edu/python/introduction</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-python/</u>
- 3. https://developers.google.com/edu/python/introduction
- 4. https://www.w3schools.com/python/python lists.asp
- 5. https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/python-tutorial/python-list
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/pythonstring/#:~:text=A%20string%20is%20a%20data,string%2C%20you%20cannot% 20change%20it.
- 7. <u>https://problemsolvingwithpython.com/04-Data-Types-and-Variables/04.05-</u> <u>Dictionaries-and-Tuples/</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.tutorialspoint.com/What-is-the-difference-between-a-python-tuple-and-a-dictionary</u>

OMC 204C – Software Project Management

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Software Project Management
Course Code	OMC 204C
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Discipline-Specific Elective Course

1. Course Summary

This course aims to develop an understanding of basic concepts and issues in software project management (SPM). The students are taught the components, challenges, and opportunities in SPM. The students are also taught the steps in project planning, monitoring, and control. Students are exposed to the different software process models and software measurement methods for cost, effort, and time estimation. Students will get familiar with risk management, activity planning, preparing project schedules, and the importance of software quality in project planning.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Describe the stages of the software project and the roles of management. [L-1]
- **CO-2.** Discuss cost-benefit evaluation techniques for selecting project proposals. [L-2]
- **CO-3.** Construct a suitable software process model and examine risks. [L-3]
- **CO-4.** Determine the cost, efforts, and schedule for a software project. [L-3]
- **CO-5.** Determine the software quality parameters, project, and resource schedule. [L-3]

Sr. No	Units
No 1	Unit 1: Introduction to SPM and Project Planning What is a Software Project? Software Project versus Other Projects Importance of SPM, Activities in SPM Project Success, and Failure What is Management? Traditional and Modern Management Practices Steps in Project Planning Selection of Project Identify Project Scope, Objectives, Infrastructure
	 Analyze Project Characteristics, Project Products, and Activities Estimate Efforts Identify Risks

2	Unit 2: Project Evaluation and Selection of Project Approach
	 Introduction to Project Evaluation
	• Evaluation of Individual Projects
	 Technical and Cost Benefit Analysis
	Risk Evaluation
	Software Process Models
	 Introduction to Software Process Model
	Choice of Software Process Model
	• The Waterfall Model, The Spiral Model
	 Software Prototyping, V-Process
	 Incremental Delivery, Rapid Application Development
	 Agile Methods: Scrum, Sprint, Extreme Programming
3	Unit 3: Software Effort Estimation and Activity Planning
	 Basis for Software Estimation, Software Effort Estimation Techniques
	 Top-down and Bottom-up Approach, Parametric Models
	Albrecht Function Point Analysis
	COCOMO II, A Parametric Model
	Activity Planning
	Objectives of Activity Planning
	Project Schedules,
	• Sequencing and Scheduling Activities
	Network Planning Models
	• Time Dimension
	 Identifying Critical Path
4	Unit 4: Risk Management, Resource Allocation, Software Project Testing
	Risk Management: Introduction
	• Nature of Risk, Categories of Risk
	• A framework for dealing with Risk, Assessment of Risks
	• Applying the PERT Technique
	Resource Allocation
	Nature of resources
	 Identifying Resource Requirements
	Scheduling Resources
	• Publishing Resource and Cost Schedule
	• Creating Critical Paths
	Software Project Testing
	 Important concepts of software project testing
	• Testing objectives
	• Testing life cycle
	• Testing strategies
	Black Box Testing Techniques
	White Box Testing Techniques
	Web Based Testing Techniques
	• Regression testing
5	Unit 5: Monitoring and Control, Software Quality
	Creating the Framework
	• Collecting the Data
	Review, Project Termination Review, Visualizing Progress
	Cost Monitoring

- Prioritizing Monitoring
- Getting the Project Back to Target
- Change Control
- Software Quality
- Importance of Software Quality
- Place of Software Quality in Project Planning
- Software Quality Characteristics
- ISO 9126 Standard for Software Quality
- Quality Plan for a Project

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

				Programme Specific												
				Outcomes (PSOs)												
	PO_1	PO-2	PO-3		PO-5	PO-6	PO 7	DO-8	DU-0	DO 10	DO 11	DO 12			PSO-	PSO-
	10-1	F0-2	F0-3	FO-4	F0-3	F 0-0	F0-7	F 0-8	FO-3	FO-10	10-11	F 0-12	- 30-1	F 30-2	3	4
CO-1	2	3	2	2	3	2		3	2	3	1		3	3	2	
CO-2	2	2	3	3	3	2		3	2	2		1	2	2	2	
CO-3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	3		2	3	2	3	1
CO-4	2	3	2	2	3	2		2		3		1	3	3	2	1
CO-5	3	2	2	2	3	2		3	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	1
		3: \	/ery Str	rong Co	ontribu	tion, 2	Strong	g Contr	ibutic	on, 1: N	1odera	te Cont	ributior	1		

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

 Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, and Rajib Mall, 2011, Software Project Management, 5th Ed., The McGraw Hall Company

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Jack T. Marchewka, 2011, Information Technology Project Management, 4th Ed., Wiley India, 2011
- 2. Darel Ince, H. Sharp and M. Woodman, 2002, Introduction to Software Project Management and Quality Assurance, Tata McGraw Hill

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. https://www.mygreatlearning.com/academy/learn-for-free/courses/projectmanagement
- 2. https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-software-projectmanagement-14294

OMC 204D- Probability and Statistics

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Probability and Statistics
Course Code	OMC 204D
Course Credits	3
Course Type	Discipline-Specific Elective Course

1. Course Summary

The aim of the course is to establish a strong foundation in probability and statistics. Students are taught the concepts of mean, median, and standard deviation in the discrete and continuous probability distribution. The course lays strong emphasis on the basic concepts of inferential statistics and probabilistic reasoning. The course prepares the student to take mathematically intensive, application-oriented courses, such as machine learning and artificial intelligence.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Define and determine sample mode, mean, standard deviation, sample variance, unbiased sample variance, sample proportion, and other measures of central tendency [L-1].
- **CO-2.** Discuss and apply the concepts of hypothesis testing and *p*-value [L-2, L-3].
- **CO-3.** Apply basic probability rules, including additive and multiplicative laws, using the terms, independent and mutually exclusive events [L-3].
- **CO-4.** Calculate probabilities and marginal and conditional distributions of bivariate random variables [L-3].
- **CO-5.** Apply basic rules and theorems in probability including Bayes' theorem and the central limit theorem [L-3].
- **CO-6.** Apply the method of least squares to estimate the parameters in a regression model [L-3].

Sr. No	Units									
1	Unit 1: Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion									
	• Introduction to statistics: Statistical Thinking, Collecting data, Statistical Modeling									
	Framework, measure of central tendency and variance, Importance of Data summary and									
	Display, Tabular and Graphical display.									
	• Introduction to Probability: Basic terminology, types of probability, Probability rules,									
	Statistical independence, statistical dependency, Bayes' theorem.									
2	Unit 2: Discrete Random Variables and Probability Distribution:									
	Discrete Random variables, Probability distributions and Probability mass functions,									
	Cumulative distribution functions, Mean and Variance of a discrete random variable,									
	discrete uniform distribution, Binominal distribution, Hyper Geometric distribution,									
	Poisson distribution, Applications.									

3	Unit 3: Continuous Random Variables and Probability Distributions Continuous random variables, Probability distributions and probability density functions, cumulative distribution functions, Mean and Variance of a continuous random variable, uniform distribution, Normal distribution, Normal approximation to Binominal and Poisson distribution, Exponential distribution
4	Unit 4: Hypothesis Testing Estimation theory Hypothesis testing Inference on the mean of a population (variance
	known and unknown), Inference on the variance of a normal population, Inference on a
	population proportion, Testing for Goodness of Fit, Inference for a difference in Means,
	unknown, Inference on the Variances of two normal populations, Inference on two population proportions.
5	Unit 5: Linear Regressions and Correlation
	 Simple Linear Regression, Properties of Least square Estimators and Estimation of variances, Transformations to a straight line, Correlation.
	 Multiple linear regression model, least square estimation of parameters, Matrix approach to multiple linear regression, properties of least square estimators, and estimation of variance.

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

	Programme Outcomes (POs)											Programme Outcomes (e Specific (PSOs)		
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PO-13	PO-14	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4	
CO-1	3																2	2	
CO-2	3	3	з												3	3	2	2	
CO-3	3	3	3								3							3	
CO-4	3	3	3								3							3	
CO-5	3	3	3								3							3	
			3: Ve	ry Stro	ong Co	ontrib	oution	, 2: St	rong	Contrik	oution,	1: Mo	derate	e Contr	ibutior	ו			

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. S. Ross. (1998). *A First Course in Probability*. Fifth edition. USA: Prentice Hall.
- 2. Montgomery, D. C., and Runger, G. C. (2013). *Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers*. John Wiley & Sons.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Walpole, R. E., Myers, R. H., Myers, S. L., and Ye, K. (2007). *Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists*. Pearson Education.
- 2. Hsu, Hwei P. (2020). *Schaum's Outline of Probability, Random Variables, and Random Processes*. Fourth Edition. New York: McGraw-Hill Education.

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/111/102/111102160/
- 2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ma24/preview
- 3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ma83/preview

OMC205A – Research Methodology

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Research Methodology
Course Code	OMC205A
Course Credits	2
Course Type	Core Theory Course

1. Course Summary

This course aims to create an introduction and overview of the research methodology. The students are taught the technique of defining a research problem. The students are trained in the approaches of preparing research design and sampling techniques. This course also emphasizes different types of data measurement and scaling techniques. Different methods of data collection, preparing reports, and a final presentation in research work are taught in this course. This course is helpful to students in pursuing research in the future.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Describe the research methods and identify the steps of research for a given domain [L-1]
- **CO-2.** Explain the selection of a problem definition in a research area. [L-2]
- **CO-3.** Explain different research designs and characteristics of a good design. [L-2]
- **CO-4.** Discuss measurement in research and scaling techniques. [L-2]
- **CO-5.** Examine the collection of data and prepare reports and presentations [L-3]

Sr.	Units							
L	Unit 1: Introduction to Research							
	 Meaning of Research, Objectives of Research 							
	 Motivation in Research, Types of Research 							
	 Research Approaches, Significance of Research 							
	 Research Methods versus Methodology 							
2	Unit 2: Defining the Research Problem							
	What is a Research Problem?							
	Selecting the Problem							
	Necessity of Defining the Problem							
	 Technique Involved in Defining a Problem, An Illustration 							
3	Unit 3: Research Design							
	Meaning of Research Design							
	Need for Research Design							
	Features of a Good Design							

	 Important Concepts Relating to Research Designs
4	Unit 4: Measurement Techniques and Scaling
	Introduction
	Measurement in Research
	Measurement Scales
	Scaling, Meaning of Scaling
5	Unit 5: Methods of Data Collection, and Report Writing
	Collection of Primary Data, Observation Method
	 Interview Method, Collection of Data through Questionnaires
	Data Interpretation
	 Significance of Report Writing, Layout of the Research Report
	Types of Reports, Oral Presentation

Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

			P	rogran			Progra Specif (PSOs	Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)							
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3
CO-1	2	2	3	3	2		2	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	1
CO-2	2	2	3	2	2		3	2	2	2			2	2	1
CO-3	1	1	2	3	3		1	2	2	2	1	1	3	2	1
CO-4	2	3	3	2	2		2	3	2	2	2	1		3	1
CO-5	2	3	3	2	2		2	3	2	2	2	1		3	1
			3: Very	Stron	g Conti	ributio	n, 2: St	rong C	ontrib	ution, 1	1: Mode	erate Co	ontribut	ion	

4. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

1. Kothari C.R., Gaurav Garg, 2018, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, 4th Ed., New Age International

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology a step-by-step guide for beginners, 3rd Ed., SAGE Publications
- 2. William M. K. Trochim, Research Methods: the concise knowledge base, 1st Ed., Atomic Dog Publishing, 2004
- 3. Uwe Flick, Introducing Research Methodology: A Beginner's Guide to Doing a Research Project, 2nd Ed., SAGE Publications, 2017.

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. https://research.com/research/how-to-write-research-methodology
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GSeeyJVD0JU
- 3. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/127106227/L01.html
- 4. https://www.coursera.org/learn/research-methods
- 5. https://gradcoach.com/what-is-research-methodology/
- 6. https://www.scribbr.com/dissertation/methodology/

OMC205B - Entrepreneurship

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Entrepreneurship
Course Code	OMC205B
Course Credit	2
Course Type	Core Theory Course

1. Course Summary

This entrepreneurship course provides a comprehensive introduction to the concept of entrepreneurship, exploring its significance, evolution, types, characteristics, and the development of entrepreneurial competencies. It further delves into key theories related to entrepreneurship, such as McClelland's Need Achievement Theory and Schumpeter's Theory of Creative Destruction. The course distinguishes between entrepreneurs, intrapreneurs, and managers, and addresses specific categories of entrepreneurship like social and rural entrepreneurship. It analyzes the growth and promotion of entrepreneurship in India, the influence of socio-cultural, economic, and political environments, and the role of creativity and innovation. The course also highlights the support provided by various institutions, the role of government schemes, and the significance of incubation centers. Finally, it outlines the road map for enterprise finance and promotion, covering sources of funding, planning, market analysis, and business plan development.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Comprehend the fundamental concepts of entrepreneurship and distinguish among its various types.
- CO2: Demonstrate the roles and significance of entrepreneurs, intrapreneurs, and managers.
- CO3: Apply entrepreneurial theories to develop competencies and manage new ventures.
- CO4: Analyze the socio-cultural, economic, and political influences on entrepreneurship in India.
- **CO5:** Evaluate the government schemes, institutional support systems, business plans, and funding sources in entrepreneurial contexts.

Sr. No	Units	Unit Outcomes After the successful completion of the unit, the learner should be able to:
1	 Unit 1- Introduction to Entrepreneurship: Meaning , Definition of Entrepreneurship Role and Expectations Entrepreneurial style sand types Entrepreneurship Development & Evolution Characteristics of an entrepreneur Entrepreneurial Competencies Intrapreneurship 	 Comprehend the fundamental concepts of entrepreneurship Explain the various types of entrepreneurship Describe the various characteristics of entrepreneurs Describe the concept of the intrapreneur Comprehend the different concepts of entrepreneurship

	 Entrepreneur V/s Intrapreneur Women Entrepreneurs Social Entrepreneurship Rural Entrepreneurship Family Business Entrepreneurship Factors affecting Entrepreneurship 	1 Describe the verices theories of
2	 Unit 2 – Theories of Entrepreneurship: Theories of Entrepreneurship Motivation theories McClelland's Need Achievement Theory BRIE Model Timmons model of entrepreneurial process Schumpeter's Theory of Creative Destruction 	 Describe the various theories of entrepreneurship Explain the various factor of McClelland's theory of entrepreneurship
3	 Unit 3: Growth and Promotion of Entrepreneurship: Promotion of entrepreneurship Role of socio-cultural, economic and political environment Growth of entrepreneurship in India Constraints for the promotion of entrepreneurial culture Role of Creativity and innovation 	 Describe the role of various factors that influence entrepreneurship Explain the growth the entrepreneurship in India Discuss the role of Creativity and innovation in Entrepreneurship
4	 Unit- 4 Institutions for Supporting Entrepreneurship Role of Government in promoting Entrepreneurship MSME policy in India, Startup India Make in India schemes District Industries Centers (DIC) Small Industries Service Institute (SISI), Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India (EDII) National Institute of Entrepreneurship & Small Business Development (NIESBUD) Role of various Government schemes - PMEGP, CGTMSE, PMKVY, Mudra loan Incubation, Role of Incubation Centers Role of Commercial Banks 	 Understand the different schemes and program of government that supports entrepreneurs Explain the role of make in India Scheme Describe the role of incubation centers and commercial banks
5	 Unit-5: Road map for Enterprise Finance and Promotion Long term and Short term financial support, Sources of Financial support Development Financial Institutions, Investment Institution Planning/Budgeting, 	 Describe the role of various financing institution in entrepreneurship development Explain the concepts such as Crowd funding venture capital etc. Prepare the Business plan by analyzing industry and market

٠	Sources of funding,
٠	Informal capital- Friends & Family, MPDA,
	SFURTI.
٠	Crowd funding, Venture capital, Private Equity,
	Financing Mix
٠	The Pitch, Preparing for your investor
	presentation, Role of Commercial Banks
	Creating Entrepreneurial Venture, Business
	Planning Process,
٠	Elements of Business Plan
٠	Market Analysis
٠	Industry Analysis

6. Course Resources

- 1. Khanka, S. S. (2020). Entrepreneurial Development. S Chand & Co Ltd
- 2. Desai, V. (2022). *Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management*. Himalaya Publishing House. Mumbai.
- 3. Charantimath, P. M. (2016). *Entrepreneurship development and Small Business Enterprises*. Pearson.
- 4. Khatoon, N. (2013). *Entrepreneurial Development*. Himalaya Publishing House. Mumbai
- 5. Drucker, P. F. (2015). *Innovation and entrepreneurship: Practice and principles*. Routledge.
- 6. Punitharaman, R. J. (2023). Entrepreneurial development. Lap Lambert Academic Publ.

Graphic Era (Deemed to be) University

MCA

2nd Semester

OMC 206 Career Skills

Learning Outcomes:

LO 1. Apply the properties of numbers and the other concepts to solve different problems on number theory.

LO 2. Understand the concepts of profit loss and simple interest and compound interest to solve different types of problems.

LO 3. Apply the concepts of Ratio and Proportion to solve the different types of questions in mixtures and solutions.

LO 4. Analyze the relation between speed, distance and time to effectively solve the problems of relative speed, boats and streams and trains.

LO 5. Understand the concept of Permutation, Combination and Probability to apply and practice the different types of questions.

Course Contents:

UNIT 1:

Classification of numbers, rules of divisibility, properties of remainders, LCM-HCF and their applications, concept of the last digit, concept of alpha numerals. Practice of questions based on number system concepts.

Concept of percentage and percentage equivalent of fractions, multiplication factor, importance and understanding of the base in calculations, concept and application of the successive percentage change rule.

UNIT 2:

Concept of profit, loss and discount and its application. Understanding and practice of questions based on addition of impurity and unequal quantity buying and selling concept.

Concept and understanding of simple and compound interest and their difference, understanding CI as an application of the successive percentage change rule, concept of effective rate of interest and practice of all the types of problems in SI and CI.

6 Hours

7 Hours

UNIT 3:

5 Hours

6 Hours

Concept of ratio proportion and its application. Concept, understanding and practice of mixtures and solutions including alligation and replacement of part of a solution.

Concept and understanding of average, weighted average and its application. Practice of problem based on age related concepts.

UNIT 4:

Concepts of time, speed and distance, understanding the direct and inverse relations in the topic, average speed and its application. Understanding the concept and application of relative speed and practice of problems based on trains and boats and streams.

Concepts of time and work and its application based problems using the LCM method for individual efficiencies and practice of problems based on group efficiencies.

UNIT 5:

6 Hours

Concept, understanding and practice of questions based on permutation and combination, difference in the approach for different things and identical things.

Concept, understanding and practice of questions based on probability.

Suggested Readings:

1.R.S.Aggarwal, Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Exams, S.Chand, 20th Edition, 2022.

2.P.A.Anand, Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Exams, Wiley Publication, First Edition, 2015.

OMC208 - Advanced Database Management Systems Laboratory

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Advanced Database Management Systems
Course Code	OMC208
Course Credits	2
Course Type	Core Practical Course

1. Course Summary

Database management system is one of the core courses in the context of computer science and information technology. The goal of this course is to lay a strong foundation for the database and database management systems among learners. This course has been started by explaining the fundamental terms and different data models used in databases for a better understanding of the learners. The learners are taught database architecture, database schema, instances and the concept of data independence. The learners are also taught how to express real world problems with the help of entity relationship model and relational model. Entity relationship diagrams are demonstrated with the help of case studies. In the subsequent lessons, concepts of keys, relational algebra constraints, operations and queries have been discussed and explained to the learners. In this course, the concept of SQL has been discussed in depth. Basic as well as advanced SQL queries are explained with the help of suitable examples and case studies. In this course, various concepts related to database design, such as functional dependencies, normal forms, multivalued dependencies, and decomposition techniques have been explained to the learners. This course also emphasizes different types of data storage techniques in the context of databases.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Understand the concepts of database management and can differentiate the database approach with the file system approach [L-2].
- **CO-2.** Sketch and develop Entity Relationship Diagrams for real world problems and design databases [L-4].
- **CO-3.** Apply and analyze Relational database queries with the help of Structured Query Language (SQL) and construct simple and moderately advanced database queries in SQL [L-6].
- **CO-4.** Evaluate and Apply logical database design principles, including keys, constraints and database normalization and design normalized databases [L-6].
- **CO-5.** Understand and defend the importance of concurrency control in Transaction Processing Systems [L-5]
3. Course Contents

Sr.	Units
No	
1	Unit 1: Introduction
	Basic Terminology
	Codd Rules
	DBMS Vs. RDBMS
	Introduction to SQL
	SQL Languages
	Data Types
2	Unit 2: List of Experiments
i	Basic SQL queries Based on:
	CREATE TABLE
	INSERT INTO
	• SELECT
	UPDATE
	• DELETE
ii	Queries Based on Schema:
	ALTER TABLE
	DROP and TRUNCATE
iii	Queries based on Adding and Removing Constraints
	CHECK Constraint
iv	Queries to Implement FOREIGN KEYS
v	UNION, INTERSECTION, MINUS and CARTESIAN
	JOIN
vi	Views & Queries in SQL, Specifying Constraints & Indexes in SQL
Vİİ	PL/SQL: Architecture of PL/SQL, Basic Elements of PL/SQL, PL/SQL Transactions
viii	Cursors, Triggers and stored procedures

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

					Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)											
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-1 1	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3	3	3	3	3					2	2	2		3	1	
CO-2	3	3	3	3	3					2	2	2	3	3	1	1
CO-3	3	3	3	3	3						2	1		2	1	1
CO-4	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	3	3	3	2
CO-5	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	2	2		1
			3: Ver	ry Stro	ng Cor	ntributi	on, 2: \$	Strong	Contri	bution,	1: Mo	derate	Contrib	oution		

5. CourseResources

a. EssentialReading

1. Elmasri, R., & Navathe, S., (2007). *Fundamentals of Database Systems*, 2nd Ed., Boston, Pearson/Addison Wesley.

b. Recommended Reading

- Silber Schatz, A, Korth, H.F., and Sudarshan S., (2011). Database System Concepts, 1st Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke (2003), *Database Management Systems*, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill.
- 3. C. J. Date, A. Kannan, S. Swamynatham. (1999), *A Introduction to Database Systems*, 8th Edition, Pearson education..

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. ACM Transactions on Database Systems
- 2. IEEE Database Management and Design
- 3. XRDS: Crossroads, The ACM Magazine for Students
- 4. https://dl.acm.org/doi/book/10.5555/77343

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Advanced Java Programming Laboratory
Course Code	OMC209
Course Credits	2
Course Type	Laboratory

OMC209– Advanced Java Programming Laboratory

1. Course Summary

The aim of this course is to gain the skills, hands-on experience and practical knowledge necessary to build simple applications using Advanced Java Programming. The students learn the concepts of classes and objects, string handling, exception handling, inheritance, packages and interfaces, and their implementation in Java. Students make use of I/O streams in Java. The students also learn the concepts of creating and using servlets and handling client requests and server responses. Students learn to use GET and POST methods for passing form data to Servlets. This course also emphasizes on the advantages of cookies and sessions. Students are trained to develop server-side code using Servlets and Java Server Pages. Students learn to apply the concepts of exception handling for developing efficient JAVA applications to handle run-time errors. They learn the basics of Java Beans and Java database connectivity(JDBC).Students learn the techniques of debugging and testing Java Programs.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Apply the concepts of object-oriented programming, method overloading, string handling, and reusable code by the use of inheritance, interfaces, and polymorphism to write simple Java programs[L-3]
- CO-2. Demonstrate the use of Servlets and JSP in developing server-side code.[L-3]
- CO-3. Demonstrate the use of Java Beans in JSP pages.[L-3]
- **CO-4.** Apply the concepts of exception handling for developing efficient JAVA applications to handle run-time errors.[L-3]
- CO-5. Develop applications using GET and POST methods for passing data to Servlets.[L-6]

3. Course Contents

Advanced Java Programming Laboratory - Program List

- 1. Create a Java class "Employee" with the attributes employee number, name, designation and salary.
 - a) Implement methods to set and display these attributes

- b) Implement parameterized constructors for initializing these attributes. Use "this" keyword to illustrate the difference between instance variable and constructor parameters. Display these attributes.
- 2. Write a Java program to demonstrate method overloading and constructor overloading.
- 3. Write a Java program to perform the following operations on a string.
 - a) Count the number of characters and digits.
 - b) Check whether the given string is palindrome or not.
- 4. Write a Java program to demonstrate single and multi-level inheritance. Display the order of execution of constructors in multi-level inheritance.
- 5. Write a Java program to demonstrate method overriding.
- 6. Write a Java program to illustrate the use of
 - a) Abstract class
 - b) Interfaces in Java
- 7. Write a Java program to demonstrate exception handling. Show the order of execution of "try", "catch" and "finally" blocks when an exception occurs and when it does not occur during the execution by providing appropriate inputs during execution and displaying messages.
- 8. Write a Java program to illustrate the use of I/O streams.
- 9. Write a Java Servlet program to implement a dynamic HTML using Servlet(Student name and enrolment number should be accepted using HTML and displayed using a Servlet).
- 10. Write a Java Servlet program to demonstrate the use of cookies.
- Write a Java Servlet program to demonstrate the use of GET and POST methods for handling HTTP client requests and server responses.
- 12. Write a JSP program to demonstrate the use of Java Beans.

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

						Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)										
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3	2	3					2	1	1	2		3	3	2	2
CO-2	3	2	3		2			2	2	1	2	2	3	3	1	1
CO-3	3	3	3		2			2	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO-4	3	3	3		2			2	2	1	2		3	3	3	3
CO-5	3	3	3		2			2	1		2		2	2	1	1
			3: V	ery St	rong C	ontrib	oution,	2: Stro	ng Co	ntribut	ion, 1:	Modera	ate Contr	ibution		

5. Course Resources

a. Essential Reading

- 1. Herbert Schildt, 2014, "The Java Complete Reference", 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Marty Hall, Larry Brown, 2014, "Core Servlets and Java Server Pages Vol 1: Core Technologies", 2nd Edition, Sun Microsystem.

b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Balagurusamy E, "Programming in JAVA", Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Java 6 Programming Black Book, Dreamtech Press, 2012

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/

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OMC210- Advanced Data Structures Laboratory

Program	Master of Computer Applications
Semester	2
Course Title	Advanced Data Structures Laboratory
Course Code	OMC210
Course Credits	2
Course Type	Core Practical Course

1. Course Summary

Advanced data structures are introduced with the aim of implementing current age real life problems in an efficient way in the context of computers. The goal of this course is to lay a strong foundation for the elementary data structures as well as advanced data structures among learners. This course has been started by explaining the basic review of data structures and algorithms for a better understanding of the learners. The learners are taught advanced sorting techniques and non-linear data structures including Trees and Graphs. In this course, various concepts related to advanced hashing and searching techniques including hash table, hash functions, binary search trees, RB tress and AVL trees have been explained to the learners. This course also emphasizes different types of advanced data structures like B Trees, Binomial Heaps and Fibonacci Heaps.

2. Course Outcomes (COs)

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO-1.** Define and Express real world problems using Advanced Data Structures [L-1]
- **CO-2.** Compare and analyze the merits and demerits of various data structures in terms of complexity [L-4].
- **CO-3.** Design algorithms and develop programs using a variety of advanced data structures such as B-Trees, RB Trees, Binomial Heaps and Fibonacci Heaps [L-6].
- **CO-4.** Implement and evaluate operations like searching, insertion, deletion, traversing, and similar on various advanced data structures [L-5].
- **CO-5.** Understand, analyze and implement the concept of Graphs and Trees in real life problems [L-6].

3. Course Contents

Sr.	Units
No	
1	Unit 1: Introduction
	Basic Terminology
	Pointer and dynamic memory allocation
	Elementary Data Organization
	 Algorithm Complexity and Time-Space trade-offs
2	Unit 2: List of Experiments
i	Write a C program to demonstrate the Array operations.

ii	Write a C program to demonstrate the stack operations. Use array to represent the stack.
iii	Write a C program to demonstrate the stack operations. Use array to represent the stack.
iv	 Write C programs to demonstrate the following data structures using arrays. Queue Circular queue
v	 Write C programs to demonstrate the following operations on a linked list: Creation of a list Adding an element at the beginning of the list. Adding an element at the end of the list. Deleting the first element. Deleting the last element.
vi	 Write C programs to demonstrate: Heapsort. Quicksort, Mergesort, Counting sort, Radix Sort, Bucket Sort
vii	 Write C program to implement the following Linear search Binary search
viii	 Write C program to perform the following operations on a graph. Depth First Search Breadth First Search
ix	 Write C program to implement the following: Kruskal's Algorithm, Prim's Algorithm, Bellman-Ford algorithm
X	 B-Tree RB Tree

4. Course Articulation Matrix (CO-PO-PSO Map)

					Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)											
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-1 1	PO-12	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3	PSO-4
CO-1	3	3	3	3	3					2	2	2		3	1	
CO-2	3	3	3	3	3					2	2	2	3	3	1	1
CO-3	3	3	3	3	3						2	1		2	1	1
CO-4	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	3	3	3	2
CO-5	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	2	2		1
			3: Ver	ry Stro	ng Cor	tributi	on, 2: \$	Strong	Contri	bution,	1: Mo	derate	Contrib	oution		

5. CourseResources

a. EssentialReading

1. Kruse, R. et al. (2006). *Data structures and program design in C*, 2nd Ed., Pearson India.

b. Recommended Reading

- Cormen H., Leiserson, C., Rivest, R. and Stein, C. (2012). Introduction to Algorithms., 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India.
- 2. Lipschutz, (2014). *Data structures*, 1st Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Tenenbaum , A. M. et al. (2006). *Data structures using C*, 2nd Ed., Pearson Education.
- 4. Horowitz and Sahani. (1999). *Fundamental of data structures*, Galgotia Publishers.

c. Websites and Other Electronic Resources

- 1. ACM Transactions on Algorithms
- 2. XRDS: Crossroads, The ACM Magazine for Students